NEW YORK CLIPPER.

NO. 28.--VOL. 1. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1853. PRICE THREE CENTS.

Boxiana: Or Sketches of Pugilism.

A FEW INCIDENTS
IN THE LIFE OF
TOM MOLINEAUX,
THE AMERICAN PUGILIST.

FROM AN OLD ENGLISH WORK.

AFTER the defeat of this American hero, by the CHAMPION OF ENGLAND, MOLINEAUX became an object of attack by boxers of minor pretensions; and Scotland the principal scene of his exploits. From his irregularity of life, it seems, he had gone off altogether, and at the period, (May, 1814,) when he entered the ring with Fuller, by comparison, he was nothing at all like that pugilist, in every point of view, as when he first entered the lists with Cribb. Molineaux came to this country a most tremendous teazer! his milling requisities were inferior to none, with stamina sound and vigorous; possessing almost Herculean strength; wind undebauched; and feeling confident in himself that he was equal to any but superior to most of the present race of pugilists. It is but justice to state that when Molineaux first stripped in England, his appearance was terrifically imposing; his muscular powers were fine in the extreme; his frame was manliness itself; and the anatomist and artist, in contemplating its various beauties, derived pleasure from this uncommon subject and fine study.

And although the sporting world preferred having a white to a black pugilistic champion, and that an Englishman's wearing the cap was more congenial to their feelings than an American, still it was impossible that the courageous qualities of Molineaux could be passed over with indifference. In fact, his milling pretensions had made a strong impression on the fancy in general, and the higher flights of the boxing circles endeavoured to console his defeats by liberal presents. The cash flowed fast in upon him, and the generosity of the swells left him little to complain of, except wearing the proud title of conqueror. The Black naturally had a taste for gaiety---a strong passion for dress---was amorously inclined, and full of gallantry; it is not surprising, therefore, that the charms of the softer sex should warmly interest the attentions of the lusty Moor,

Plung'd
In general riot, melted down thy youth
In different beds of lust, and never learn'd
The icy precepts of respect, but follow'd
The sugar'd game before thee!

With togs of the best quality and fashion, the Man of Colour soon appeared as a blade of the first magnitude, and many a proud Corinthian felt no degradation in recognising this renowned milling cove. To be the Champion of England he could not---would not be allowed! Bnt to stand next to that character, who could prevent him? Maintaining, then, this high secondary rank as a boxer, he sallied forth, regardless of any future consequences respecting his milling fame. Pleasure was the order of the day with him, and the stews of the metropolis tended not only fast to ease him of his blunt, but to undermine that terriffic overwhelming impetuosity, so prominently possessed and so conspicuously displayed by Molineaux in his terrible combats with the mighty Cribb.

The consequences of this line of conduct were obvious, and even the iron-like frame of the Black seriously felt the dilapidating effects of intemperance! Yet, notwithstanding this visible falling off of his personal appearance, and his once great pugilistic traits materially changed---Molineaux, with all his defects, was not to be beat off hand. He must be a boxer of more than common requisites who should calculate upon accomplishing this task with any degree of certanty.

Fuller, a pugilist whose character for science and game entitled him to every consideration, fancied he was able in every respect to contend with this renowned milling hero, and the amateurs of Scotland, in order to facilitate a match between them, entered into a subscription purse of 100 guineas, to be fought for in a forty feet ring. Early in the morning, on the day appointed for the above trial of skill to be decided, Friday, the 27th of May, 1714, at Bishopstorff, Peesley, Ayrshire, twelve miles from Glasgow, the fancy were in motion, and numerous vehicles of all descriptions were seen rattling along the road to the scene of action, and scampering pedestrians out of number, to witness the novelty of prize-milling in Scotland. Some thousands of spectators formed the ring, and upwards of one hundred carriages belonging to gentlemen were upon the ground. Molineaux was seconded by Carter, and Fuller had the veteran Joe Ward and George Cooper. Five to four on the black. At one o'clock the ceremony of shaking hands was performed, and the men set to. Both the combatants displayed good science; but the blows of Fuller, although he put in several with much dexterity, appeared more showy than effective. However, on Fuller's planting a desperate ribber, Joe Ward ironically observed to the former, that "if he continued to hit his man so hard, the amateurs would be baulked, and the fight terminate too soon." The battle had continued only eight minutes, when the sheriff of Renfrewshire, attended by constables, entered the ring, and put an end to it. Both the combatants appeared much chagrined, particularly Molineaux, who vauntingly declared, "had he anticipated such an interruption, he would have finished his opponent before the arrival of the sheriff." The man of color, it seems, was so confident of victory, that, previous to the fight, he betted five to two he drew first blood; this bet he won; and also two to one he floored Fuller first; the latter was not decided. Fuller expressed himself ready to settle the matter the next day, but Molineaux insisted the fight should not take place till the following Tuesday.

The above arrangment was, at length, agreed to between the parties, and, on Tuesday, May 31, they again met at Auchineaux, twelve miles from Glasgow, on the Drymen road. Fuller was attended by Ward and Cooper, and Molineaux by an Irish serjeant, of the name of Hailward, assisted by a private. The umpires were Capt. Cadagon and Mr. George Sterling, and in case of any dispute, Mr. Graham, of Guntmaux, as the referee. This battle is without parallel. There is nothing like it in the annals of pugilism. It is thus described by the veteran Joe Ward, and upon whose testimony it is inserted in this work:

First round.---Fuller displayed some good positions, and soon convinced the spectators that he was a scientific boxer. His guard was firm and imposing, and he seemed confident of success. Molineaux did not view his opponent with indifference, but flattered himself that Fuller must ultimately be defeated. They sparred a considerable time, with good skill, before any punishment was exhibited, when Fuller, by a tremendous hit, drew the cork of his antagonist. The black, upon the claret making its appearance, became rather impetuous, and attacked Fuller with great ferocity, but the latter stopped with much adroitness, and gave in exchange some heavy nobbing returns. A desperate rally now took place, during which severe milling was felt on both sides, when they broke away, and again resorted to sparring to obtain superiority. Fuller's nose was much peppered, and the crimson flowed abundantly. In short this unprecedented round was filled up with rallies---recoveries--retreating--hitting with various success,---and both exhausted by turns, till at length Molineaux was levelled by a tremendous blow, and the round finished after a lapse of *twenty-eight minutes*!

Second.---To describe any thing like the various changes which occurred during this set-to, it must partake more of the length of "Paterson's Road Book" than the ordinary round of a fight! but suffice to observe, that the whole minutiæ of the milling art was resorted to, from the beginning to the end. The skill, practice, and experience of both the combatants were made use of to the best advantage. Fuller proved himself a boxer of more than ordinary science and game throughout the whole fight. The black was convinced he had got a troublesome customer to deal with, and who required serving out in a masterly style before he could be satisfied. In fact, the strength of the man of color seemed materially deficient from his former exhibitions, when he used to hit his men away from him and levelled his opponents with the most perfect sang froid. The severe blows of Fuller, who stuck close to Molineaux, made him wince again! The Black appeared much exhausted from the great portion required from him to give, and heartily tired of what he had to take. An unusual quantity of blood was spilt. It is supposed that Fuller lost two quarts in the ring. His head was terrific in the extreme. From the dreadful punishment his nob had undergone, his seconds lost all traces of his original character. Stancher game was never displayed by any pugilist whatever. Upon the whole, it was a truly singular fight, and the people of Scotland witnessed one of the most nouvelle specimens of English prize-fighting that ever occurred. *In sixty-eight minutes, two rounds had only taken place.*

The above contest, it seems, terminated in rather a singular manner. Molineaux asserted that "Joe Ward had behaved foul, in pulling Fuller down, who was much distressed and had been beaten all over the ring in a rally, so as to prevent the man of color from putting a decisive blow." The umpires decided it was so; and the purse, accordingly, was awarded to Molineaux. The latter did not appear in the ring anything like the once tremendous competitor of Tom Cribb; but on the contrary, instead of going up boldly to his man, he was always shy, and tried to win by tiring out Fuller. Molineaux fought at the head, and Fuller at the body. Notwithstanding the defects of the man of color, it was considered great temerity on the part of Fuller, to enter the lists with Molineaux. The second and last round continued *Forty minutes*!!!

The conduct of Fuller, in the above fight, it seems, gave such general satisfaction to the amateurs, that a purse of fifty guineas, which had been subscribed for a match between Cooper and Carter, in consequence of its not taking place, was presented, it is said, to Fuller.

Molineaux's milling character was still viewed with much attention in Scotland, and a match was at length made between him and George Cooper, a boxer of superior talent. On the 11th of March, 1815, these first-rate heroes of the fist met at Corset-hill, in Lanarkshire. In twenty minutes Molineaux was defeated.

Intemperance has been the ruin of Molineaux as a pugilist; and, it should seem, every strong commoner entertained an idea that he could serve out the Man of color, as the following anecdote will evince. The above sable hero, in his provincial tour of 1813, alighted at the town of Derby, to give the amateurs and others of that place an exhibition of his milling accomplishments. The competitor of Cribb was well attended, and several Johnny Raws had the temerity to have a taste with the Black; but these, possessing little more than strength and courage, soon found themselves inadequate to contend against the tremendous and scientific powers of Molineaux, and therefore wisely laid down the gloves. Not so a country pugilist of the name of Abraham Dentson, possessing almost the strength of an Hercules, and the size of a Colusses, and added to which powerful requisites for boxing, whose fame was well abroad in these parts for milling all persons who had dared to oppose him. Abraham had rather "crept into favor with himself," and entertained an idea that, with the mufflers, he should be able to serve out the Moor in style, and increase his renown as a miller. Great things were expected from the countryman; and considerable interrest was excited among the spectators upon their setting-to. But unfortunately for Abraham, he had calculated too hastily upon his great size and strength, and two rallies with the Black was quite enough to convince him of his error. Molineaux punished the chaw-bacon most severely for his temerity, and, with one of his left-handed lunges, gave him such a remembrancer under his left eye, that the claret flew in all directions. The conceit of Abreham had now all evaporated, and he quickly retired, amidst the laughter and confusion of the audience, to disencumber himself of the gloves. Molineaux and his assistant now exhibited some prime specimens of the art, portraying the superiority of science over mere strength!

From Scotland, our hero of color went on a sparring tour into Ireland; and, at the latter end of the year 1817, he was travelling over the northern parts of that country, teaching the warm-hearted natives the use of their fists, in preference to their indiscriminate attack with sticks. But his personal appearance, at this time, was little more than a skeleton, compared to his once fine athletic form.

This once formidable hero received his final *knock-down* blow, at Galway, in Ireland, on the 4th of August, 1818. The sunshine of prosperity, it seems, had long since forsaken him; and it was owing to the humanity and attendance of three people of *color*, that he was indebted for his existence the last two months of his life. He died in a room occupied by the band of the 77th regiment; and was interred on the 7th. As a scientific pugilist, an American of color, and contending for the Championship of England, a few remarks upon his various battles may not, perhaps, prove uninteresting to the Sporting World. On the appearance of Molineaux in the London ring, about eleven years since, he was viewed by the English boxers with jealousy, concern, and terror: he possessed all the requisities of a modern gladiator,—unbounded strength, wind undebauched, and great agility! His frame was perfectly Herculean: and his bust, by the best judges of anatomical beauty, considered a perfect picture. It was a model for a statuary. He had no swell patron to give *eclat* to his *entree*; and he peeled in Tothillfields, with the utmost *sang-froid*, to the first rough customer that showed fight. It is true, however, his game has been questioned; and Bill Gibbons, in the ecstacy of his admiration of this hero of color, has been often heard to exclaim, "that Molineaux only wanted an 'English heart,' to place him at the top of the tree, if not to render him completely invulnerable." He disposed of Burrows in promising style: the bottom, determined, fearless Blake became an easy conquest; and Rimmer, a fine young man, with stamina and strength of the first quality, did not appear to have a shadow of chance. On that day, the condition and capabilities displayed by Molineaux electrified the best judges of the Prize Ring. His first contest with Cribb will long be remembered by the Sporting World. It will also not be forgotten, if justice hold the scales, that his color alone prevented him from becoming the hero of that fight; at the same time it is due to Cribb to observe, that he was in very bad condition. During the three first rounds, in the second battle, notwithstanding the dissipation of Molineaux, neglect of training, &c., &c., he terribly alarmed the nerves of his opponents for the termination of the event. His remaining fights with Carter and Cooper are not worthy of recital. His day was then gone by. In the last four years of his life, he has been strolling about the country, teaching the art of Self-Defence. Molineaux did not exceed 38 years of age. Dissipation alone put a period to his existence; and for a long time previous to his *exit*, he was literally a walking skeleton; in fact, he had so much dwindled away, as to refuse to fight Dogherty. In his day, he was a boxer of superior pretensions; and it must have been a first-rater indeed, that could have met Molineaux upon equal terms, much more with any thing like a certainty of conquest.

In his sparring tour through most parts of England, after his first battle with Cribb, Molineaux was so great an object of attraction among the amateurs, that he got hats full of money. He had a great deal of pride about him; and was remarkably fond of entering a country town in a postchaise and four, ordering the drivers to gallop as fast as possible to the best inn in the place, in order to cut a swell. Molineaux was quite aware that that sort of dash created an interest and curiosity; and although a few persons might be disposed to laugh at the trick, and also to ridicule his presumption, yet it had the desired effect in bringing numbers to witness his sparring exhibitions. However singular it may appear, it is nevertheless true, that Molineaux had a great respect towards Cribb; and in one particular instance, so much did he wish to serve the Champion, that he came post-haste from the Potteries in Staffordshire, at his own expense, to exhibit at Cribb's benefit at the Fives Court, unknown and unexpected by every person till he absolutely made his appearance upon the stage, almost out of breath, and just in time, before the sports of the day were closed, to set-to with his old opponent. At another period, in the saloon of Covent Garden Theatre, Molineaux, accidentally coming in contact with a few swells, immediately pulled out of his pocket some tickets for the benefit of Cribb, urging that the Champion was a good fellow,—a brave man—that he had taken the fight out of him—was worthy of their support—and it would also be obliging him (Molineaux) if they would purchase a few of Cribb's tickets. Molineaux entertained not the slightest animosity against Cribb. He was illiterate, but good-tempered and generous; fond of dress and gaiety to excess; amorous to the end of the chapter; and, like most pugilist heroes, he unfortunately flattered himself that his constitution was of so excellent a nature as to be almost capable of resisting the effects of time. But alas, poor Molineaux found out his error too late. Peace to his *manes!*

The English Ring.

From Bell's Life in London, Sept. 11.

GALLANT CONTEST
Between John Hicks and John Unwin, for £25 a side.

Pursuant to the announcement made in our last, the men met on Tuesday, and brought the question at issue between them to a fair and honourable conclusion. Hicks, who is a remarkably fine young man, possessing, both in make and bottom, all the essential attributes of a boxer, has not appeared within the P. R. since his battle with Alf Walker for £25 a side; which event, after a game, manly, and exciting contest, ended in a draw. Unwin is a novice, never has struggled for renown until the present tourney. In build he is tall and thin; his nob is particularly sharp-looking, and he has a "conk" like the cutwater of an Aberdeen clipper. The combatants fought at catch weight, and here Unwin had the advantage, as he had also in height and reach; but in the compact and muscular form of Hicks there was more of the "boxer" than was to be found in the lath-like appearance of his opponent. Hicks, when he weighed on the preceding day, kicked the beam at 8st 6lb, while Unwin, it is said, pulled down 9st 1lb, although we much question whether, if the truth could be got at, he was not considerably heavier. For the purpose of conveying the belligerents and their partisans to the scene of action. the Watermen No. 5 and 8 were engaged, and on the splended afternoon of Tuesday a landing was made on the oft visited Kentish Marshes, where the ring was soon prepared by Ould Tom and his assistants. Altogether some three thousand spectators were present, and tolerable order prevailed, but we would suggest to George Baker and certain other members of the association who acted as constables, that a great improvement could have been effected in this respect if they had exerted themselves a little more in the performance of their official duties. A useless delay took place in the selecting of referee, more than two hours being thus consumed. This official, however, being chosen, the toilets of the men were adjusted, Unwin being waited on by Jemmy Welsh and Tom Welsh (alias Uncle Tom), while the gallant Jack Reefe and Noon did the polite for Hicks, who was the favourite at 2 to 1. When all things were ready it was nineteen minutes after five o'clock, and the men, therefore, lost no time in getting to work.

THE FIGHT.

Round 1. So great was Hick's impatience to commence, that he absolutely trembled with excitement, but this soon passed off.—Both assumed artistic positions. The symmetrical proportions of Hicks were much admired, and justly, for he had much improved since his fight with Walker, his frame having since that time become more fully developed. After a little sparring Hicks dashed at his man with a sudden and impetuous charge, getting home with good effect on the cranium with his left, and then again with the right on the mouth, from which the crimson was quickly perceptible; *first blood* was thus early won by Hicks. In a sharp rally they got to the ropes, where Unwin succeeded in hugging his man in a desperate manner, causing some skin abrasions on Hicks's back. Hicks after a hard struggle managed to get out of his anything but pleasant position, and the round ended by both going to the grass together.

2. Hicks the first to leave his corner, and it was some seconds before Unwin followed his example, but no sooner had he done so than hostilities were resumed by Hicks, who planted his left on the knowledge box, and then retreated from his opponent's returns. As Unwin advanced he was met with another "tell-tale" on the upperworks, in return getting home with the left two or three times on Hicks's nob, but the blows made not the least impression. In a rally they closed at the ropes, when Unwin was under in the fall, after having all the worst of the fighting.

3. Unwin showed marked symptoms of having, in the preceding round, been hit extremely hard.—Hicks instantly rattled away. In dashing out the left he hit short, more from over impetuosity than want of judgment, but he instantly made another attempt, and as his man was retreating planted a stronger on the "phiz." Unwin, in return, countered and got home a couple of neat hits with the same mawley. In a rally they fought away to the ropes, where, after some half-arm hitting, decidedly in favor of Hicks, a hard tussle followed, which terminated in Unwin being under in the fall.

4. Hicks instead of waiting for his opponent to meet him at the scratch, walked right into his corner, but was coolly told to go back again by Jemmy Welsh. Unwin then came to the scratch, and Hicks planted a beautiful straight-un with the left on the head, which was extremely effective. Unwin hit out with both mawleys, but did not get on with any force. In a rally the combatants fought to the ropes, when Unwin, after appearing to be wonderfully busy, was under in the fall.

5. Hicks, in commencing the attack, made a visitation with the left on Unwin's brain-canister, and then put an extra shot on the ribs. Unwin, when his opponent got to close quarters, fought with both mawleys, but with little effect.—They got to the ropes where Unwin went down.

6. As usual, Hicks took the initiative, and planted a pretty one two, right and left, on the nob. On trying to repeat the dose Unwin countered with the left on the head, and retreated. Hicks followed with the most determined impetuosity, and planted effectively on the nut. When at the ropes more exchanges ensued, which ended in Unwin going to grass, but he immediately jumped up again and walked to his corner.

7. After a little manœvuring Hicks delivered a fine left-handed hit on the *os frontis*, and followed up this success by again putting in a splendid rib-roaster with the other mawley. After a pause Hicks again went to work, when, in a bustling rally, they closed at the ropes, and Unwin was thrown a heavy cross-buttock, and in falling hit his leg with much force against the stake.

8. Hicks opened the ball by delivering a couple of quick and effective hits on the phisog, and got cleverly away from his opponent's returns. In again attempting to plant on Unwin he was met with a rapid counter, after which the combatants fought gamely to the ropes, when Unwin was sent to grass.

9. Hicks led off with a fine straight hit with the right on the head, and followed it with another "enlivener" on the body. In getting away, however, he received some slight pepper on the forehead, but, after a round he succeeded in throwing his man heavily.

10. In the opening of this round Unwin changed his tactics, and was the first to lead off, but he was not within distance. Hicks immediately dashed at him, and, after some sharp exchanges, decidedly in favor of Hicks, they closed, when Hicks attempted to put on the "hug," but Unwin cleverly extricated himself from the awkward embrace of his opponent, and went down upon both knees.

11. This was a quick, merry, and effective bout. The appearance of the combatants at the scratch was simultaneous, and no sooner had they thus met than like "game bantams," at it they went n a most unmistakable manner. Hicks, in leading, introduced his left on the cranium and then followed up with a heavy hit on the body from the right. In the exchanges Unwin got home on the upperworks, but the blows wanted effectiveness.—After some half-arm fighting, all in favor of Hicks, they closed at the ropes, when Unwin, in a struggle, got down upon his knees. While going down Hicks attempted to administer the upper cut, but just missed his man.

12. Hicks, in his usual resolute style, commenced business, by leading off left and right on the dial, getting the left home just under the right "peeper," which immediately showed signs of closing. After a pause Hicks again went to work, when some sharp exchanges occurred, until they got to the ropes. Here they closed, but after a severe struggle, Unwin broke ground and got away. He, however, was pursued by his antagonist, and Hicks just as his opponent was going down, again missed a beautiful upper cut.

13. Hicks got his left home with great force on the cheek, and then popped in the same hand on the ribs. Unwin, in returning these compliments, worked away busily with his left, and as Hicks tried to close with him, he went down on both knees.

14. Hicks, as usual, made play, got home his right heavily on the loins, and followed it up with a sharp thwack on the physiognomy. In return Unwin appeared to be by no means idle, and as a finish to the round he went down on both knees.

15. Hicks delivered his left with effect on the right eye, which staggered Unwin to the ropes; here he was followed by his adversary, who sent out a rattler with the left on the cheek, which sent Unwin to the earth. *First knock down for Hicks.*

16. Unwin, on coming up, had his right daylight in a suit of sable. In attempting to lead off, he was neatly stopped, and received one for his nob. In the exchanges the lads fought with considerable spirit: and the hitting, however, being all in favor of Hicks, till they got to the ropes, when after a trial of skill for the fall, Unwin went down on his knees.

17. This time, by the way of novelty, Unwin was the first to come from his corner, but he had not to wait long before he was faced by his opponent. In leading, Hicks got home a beautiful left hander on the nob, and followed up by a spank on the body. Unwin's returns were not placed, and to avoid any further prolongation of the round he went down on both knees in a somewhat suspicious manner.

18. Hicks was out of distance with the left, but in making a second attempt he got well to his man, and countered with him in a most effective style, when after a raly to the ropes, Unwin went down.

19. Hicks planted his left and right three times on the head and body; Unwin in return for these stinging compliments paid a visit to his opponent's nob; and after some quick and what apparently seemed to be affective half-arm hitting, they closed at the ropes, when Unwin went to grass. —20 to 53 and last. To attempt to give these remaining rounds in detail, would be as uninteresting as it would be superfluous. Hicks had the battle entirely in his own hands, and, so completely could he do as he liked with his man, that, bar accident, there was no possibility of losing it. Unwin never had the remotest chance, but still, like a game man, he continued to come up; and thus the contest was protracted until the last of the above mentioned bouts, when Hicks, after planting heavily on the head and ribs, succeeded in knocking his man completely out of time, and was hailed the winner, after a contest of one hour and twenty-five minutes. In all that appertains to "boxing" Hicks proved himself to be an infinitely superior man to his opponent, whom he treated throughout with much indifference; and, as he (Hicks) is not only a very game lad, but also a hard hitter, and a no mean proficient in the noble art there cannot be a doubt that, ere long, he will be measuring his length against an antagonist who is more worthy of him. Of Unwin we can only say that he is a very game man, but, as regards boxing, he is never destined to rise above a fourth-rater; and we should certainly advise him to eschew the Ring from this time forth, and stick to his trade, which we think he will find a more effectual way of raising the "dust." The contest having terminated all again got on board with the expedition, and in due time were landed at North Woolwich and Blackwall.

The Championship.

Mr. Hibbert, of Nottingham, writes to us that, if the Tipton Slasher will stake £300 to £200, he will produce a man 42 years of age who will fight him. Mr Hibbert adds that, on Tipton naming a time and place of meeting, he will stake £25.

JONES AND HAYS.

From Bell's Life, Sept. 18.

The friends of these men met on Tuesday evening at Jones's house, the Lord Nelson, Earl-street, Kensington, when the stakes were increased to £25 a side, and the following articles were drawn up:

"William Hayes and John Jones agree to fight for £200 a side, on Tuesday, November 15th, and to be in the ring between the hours of ten and eleven, the man absent to forfeit the battle money. The fight to be in accordance with the new rules, and the men to fight in sparrow-bills. The Editor of *Bell's Life in London* to name the place of fighting and the referee. That it shall be a fair stand-up fight, and either man deliberately going down without a blow to lose the fight. In furtherance of the above agreement, £25 a side are now down. The next deposit of £25 a side is to be made at Dan Dismore's, King's Arms, Smart's buildings, Sept. 20; the third of £25 a side, at Mr. Ledger's, Star, Belgrave-mews, on Sept. 27th; the fourth, of £25 a side, at Mr. Moore's, Rum Puncheon, Long Acre, Oct. 4th; the fifth, of £20 a side, at Alec Keene's, Three Tuns, Moor-street, Soho, Oct. 11th; the sixth, of £20 a side, at Dan Dismore's, Oct. 18th; the seventh, of £20 a side, at Jem Burn's, Rising Sun, Air-street, Oct. 25th; the 8th, of £20 a side, at Dan Dismore's, Nov. 1st; and the final deposit, of £20 a side, at Jem Burn's, Nov. 8th. The said deposits to be made between the hours of eight and ten, or the money down to be forfeited. The Editor of *Bell's Life in London* to be final stakeholder. Signed (for W. Hayes), T. Harrison, John Jones." The whole of the arrangements were made without the slightest disagreement, and there is every prospect that we shall have a most gallant and interesting mill.

Riley and Finighty.

These lads were matched at Mr. Brunton's, on Wednesday evening last, to fight for £10 a side, or as much more as can be agreed upon £1 a side was staked in the hands of Mr. Brunton, and they meet on Tuesday evening next, at Mr. Brunton's, Bell, Red Lion-market, Whitecross-street, to make the deposit of £2 a side, and on Thursday, at Mr. Beaumont's, Grapes, Albemarle-street, Clerkenwell, to draw up articles. Riley complains that the match was not made for £25, the sum originally named, after he had walked from Birmingham to accommodate Finighty.

Fight for Tuesday.

DUGGON AND BANDOFF.—The final deposit of £2 a side for this match was made on Tuesday, at Mr. Wibrow's, Catharine Wheel-square, Bishopsgate. The men fight catch weight for £10 a side, on Tuesday, on the home circuit.

Slack and Mace.

Slack has called upon us to state that he is willing to fight Mace, and increase the money down to £25 a side, and he will take £5 for expenses provided Mace will give him his own time. If Mace does not agree to this, Slack will claim the money down; and we may add, we think he will be entitled to it, as it is known that Mace was apprehended through the instrumentality of his mother. We advise Mace to agree to the terms proposed.

Keefe and Tyler.

These men have signed articles for a fresh match, which is to come off at 9st 4lb, for £20 a side, on the 15th November, within 50 miles of London. £5 a side have been staked, and the next deposit of £2 10s a side is to be made at Mr. Miller's, Green Man, Castle-street, Whitechappel, on the 22nd inst. They are to be in the ring before twelve o'clock.

Brown and Hazletine.

A further deposit of £2 10s a side for this match was made on Wednesday at Dan Dismore's, King's Arms, Smart's-buildings, Holborn. The next deposit is to be made at Mr. Wibrow's, Catharine Wheel-alley, Bishopsgate, on Wednesday next.

Sayers and Langham.

The sixth deposit of £10 a side for this match was made at Ben Caunt's, Coach and Horses, St. Martin's-lane, on the 13th inst.

NEW YORK CLIPPER.

Sporting News.

Home Department.

The Fight for Wednesday next,
BETWEEN YANKEE SULLIVAN AND JOHN MORRISSY.

THE MONEY ALL UP.

We understand that the fight between the above named shoulder hitters will come off on Wednesday next, according to the articles agreed upon. The men are still in active training, and appear to be in unusually good condition. The stakes of $1000 a side have been put up, and both parties seem anxious for the day of battle.

We shall endeavor to give a full report of the fight in the next number of the Clipper. So be on the watch.

Challenge to Mendoza or Langdon.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 4.

MR. EDITOR: DEAR SIR—Having lately returned from the Old Country, and having seen a challenge from Mr. Mendoza to J. Langdon, I take this opportunity to say that if the challenge is not accepted, that I will fight either of the above named gentlemen for from one hundred to one thousand a side, at any time and place within three months from date. Man and money ready at H. O'Donnell's, No. 97 Orange street, Tuesday, the 11th. DAN GRANT.

A Shoulder Hitter at Jericho.

The following letter was received by us too late for insertion in our last.

JERICHO, Sept. 27, '53.

I will fight Mr. Sammis one month from date, for from ten to fifty dollars a side; the fight to come off within one mile of Jericho. I can be seen at the Franklin any day for one week from date.

JOHN J. HICKS.

Where's Mendoza?

Young Mendoza, lately put forth a challenge, in which some of the pugilistic fraternity were invited to come forth. An answer appeared in our last, of which Mendoza has taken no notice. Perhaps Mendoza was in fun. 'We want to know.'

Serious Illness of Johnny Walker.

Johnny Walker, who recently returned to England, was lying at St. Bartholomew Hospital, at the last accounts, in a very precarious state of health.

Where are They.

Such has been the inquiries of sporting men during the past week in reference to the whereabouts of Sullivan and Morrisssy. To answer it would be "out of our line," for—

"You nor I nor nobody knows," if we did, it would be entirely wrong to "blow the gaff."

"Where and oh where,
Are the fighting laddies gone."

Look out for the Clipper.

Challenge to Walk 1,000 Miles in 1,000 Hours, for $1000.

JERSEY CITY, OCT. 3, 1853.

Editor of the Clipper,

SIR:—As I see that your paper is the only channel by which to inform the public in regard to sporting intelligence, I take the liberty to let the public know, through the columns of your paper, what I propose to do, viz: I will walk one thousand miles in one thousand hours on an open ground, free to all; or I will walk with any man in America, one mile every and each hour, for $1,000, the first that gives in will lose; or I will jump one thousand hurdles, three feet four inches in height, ten yards apart, in three hours; or I will jump them on a bet with any man in America. Any one who wishes to see me personally, can do so by calling on C. F. Leslie, 60 Newark Avenue, Book and Toy store, and enquiring for Mr. Robert Harriott, alias Mickey Free.

N. B. I will be in New York at Mr. George Kensetts, in Walker street, on Tuesday, the 11th inst., from 8 to 10 o'clock, P. M., ready to make a match with any man that offers.

Yours respectfully.

ROBERT HARRIOTT, alias
Mickey Free.

The above named pedestrian is well known in England, where he was engaged in *fifty-six matches*, and lost only *four*. He arrived in this country some time during last year. One week after he arrived, he ran 10 miles against time, on the Union Course, L. I. His next match was a race of 5 miles, with the Jersey Blue, on the same course; this match he won. He next commenced the Barclay feat, of walking 1000 miles in 1000 hours, at the Thatched Cottage Jersey City, on Friday, Sept. 3d, 1852, and closed October 15th, 1852, having successfully performed the feat. Since that time he has not been engaged in any walking match. We hope some of those fond of the sport, will give Mr. Harriott an opportunity to try himself once more. Where's the Stag?

Canine.

MATCH BETWEEN THE CELEBRATED DOGS BOSTON "TIGE" AND JERSEY "CRIBB."

Stakes $200 aside.

Friday evening, Sept. 30.—A friendly correspondent, who seems well posted up in sporting matters, sends us the following account of the exciting fight between the justly celebrated dog *Tige*, of Boston, and the less known, though equally game dog *Cribb*, of Jersey.

The dogs met at the house of John Marriott, Madison street, on Friday evening of last week. Every available inch allotted to the audience, including "*Jim* in the Cook Loft," was occupied at an early hour, there being, certainly, not less than $200 in the house, with tickets at 50 cents. The betting commenced spiritedly with 2 to 1 on Tige, and plenty of takers. C. C., the owner of Tige, (a finer fellow or more liberal sportsman does not breathe,) won the choice of corners.

J. M. read the articles to the audience, which consisted of the ordinary rules of a "turn and scratch" fight. Stakes two hundred dollars aside, in J. M.'s hands. After the usual "tasting" and mixing of water the dogs are brought—Tige yelling for the contest, and Cribb exhibiting that placidity of countenance so becoming to true pluck. The first rush—Tige down---once---twice---three times---and handled very roughly by the Jersey white. This unexpected turn in matters soon cured the two-to one men, who would bet even only, with few takers. During the first twenty minutes Cribb had decidedly the best of the bargain, which so elated the backers of Jersey that they cheered themselves hoarse again. But soon a change came over the spirit of Whitey's dream. He blowed badly and showed the want of thorough training. As to Tige no dog could be in better trim. He appeared to be made of wire, and acted as though he had left his lungs home by way of experiment and found that he could get on quite well without them.

Tige's old trick---but o' the ear and steady holding---evidently, at the first scratch, an hour and forty minutes after the commencement, had pretty well used up the white 'un.

It was Tige's first scratch. He went in like a locomotive, and thence forward had all his own way.

When the fight had been on two hours, the handler of the Boston dog liberally proposed to take off his dog and give Jersey an opportunity to scratch: should he come in, the fight to go on; should he not, then the Boston dog to be declared winner. This was done that the white dog might be saved, as he was a trump and ought not be thrown away.

One to two was offered that the white dog would scratch, but no takes, though then so nearly exhausted that he could scarcely stand.

He did scratch, nobly tottering to the jaws of his invincible adversary. On things taking their old course, there was a general cry to "take him (Tige) off." In answer to the call, the referee put it formally to the audience, whether they were satisfied to give up their money, and thus save the white dog. The reply was one unanimous shout of affirmation and approval.

Thus ended one of the best and most liberally fought matches that it has been my fortune to witness.

Time: 2h. 10m.

Yours, &c., MAX.

Union Course, L. I.—Trotting.

SATURDAY, Oct. 1, 1853.—Match $500, mile heats, under the saddle.

J. Woodruff' hc. g. Selim.... 1 1
D. Pffier's b. b. g. Dutch Charley.................. 2 dist'd.
Time.—2.38—2.38.

Selim won the race handily in two straight heats, taking the lead, and never was headed in the race. Dutch Charley had the call previous to starting, at $100 to $70. After the first heat the odds changed to $100 to $50 on Selim, who trotted this race under great disadvantages, being very sore with the scratches. His owner offers to match him to go by the spring 20 miles in the hour for $2 000. As far as we can judge, Selim is a very speedy horse, and of great endurance.

Detroit Races.

There was qutie a large attendance on Thursday, Sept. 29, 1853, at the race course and two very fine races. The first, a trot, 2 mile heat in harness, between Mr. Ellis's horse, Rhode Island and Mr. Edge Shimer's horse, Silver Tail, which was won by Mr. Ellis's horse, in two straight heats which were will contested. Time, 5.44. 5.45. The second running race for 3 year old, won by Mr. McMullin's Boston filly Clara (named by the president of the Association, Col. J. B. Grayson at the Course) beating the Chesnut horse Frank in two heats. Time, 2.01, 2.05. Indian Chief after running three-fourths of a mile bolted, and Lady Isabella was distanced on the first heat. Tomorrow's report will be for two races at 2 and 3 mile heats, running for purses of $200 and $300.

DETROIT, Sept. 30, 1853.—There was a very large attendance at the track, and some very fine running. First was a three mille and repeat race for $250 purse, between "Bob Harling" and an Ohio horse. "Straight Cut." This was well contested, both running a winning race, but on the last mile "Bob" confronted his competitor in each heat, winning the race and purse in two heats. Time—first heat 6.07. Second 6.36. The last mile in second heat being the fastest run.—2.01.

The second race was between "Madeline" and "Red Fox" for $200 purse, two miles and repeat. This, also, was well contested, but "Madeline" was evidently in the best condition for the race, winning, though not without its being well contested, in two heats, Time 4.01 and 3.51. In this, as the first, the last mile of the second heat was the fastest run, being done in 4.54. The track was heavy.

Kentucky Running—Great Four Mile Race, Lexington.

This race, which took place on Saturday, Sept. 24, was one of the fastest ever run, if not the best on record in Kentucky. The following is a summary:

John Morgan's Dick Doty, 4 years old, by Boston, dam by Eclipse...... 1 1
R. P. Field's Little Flea.......... 2 2
J. Campbell's Diamond........ 3 3
Ferris's Lewis Winsel........... dis.
Time, 7.37½—7.46.

Dick Doty, the winner, had been purchased a day or two before the race by his present owner, Mr. Morgan, for the sum of $2,000.

Yachting.

A Full Account of the Sailing Match
between the Yachts "Ceres" and "Jerry Angell" at Rhode Island.

Friday, 14th ult., was a day of jubilee for those descendants of Roger Williams who take pride in aquatic sports. The occasion was brought about, by the liberality of the Managers of the R. I. State Industrial Fair, offering Prizes, to the No. of 6, to be sailed for, by boats owned in R. I. whose length did not exceed 40 feet. The Boats were classed as follows:

Class No. 1, not exc. 40 feet, nor less than 35,
" 2, " 35 " " 30.
" 3, " 30 " " 26.
" 4, " 25 " " 20.
" 5. " 20 " " 16.
" 6, for all Boats under 17 feet.

The prizes to be contended for, were six Silver Cups of equal value; one for each class. The time announced for starting, was the hour of 2, P. M. The place, or starting point, from the Stake Boat anchored off *Vue de l'Eau*, sailing nine miles down the Naragansett Bay, around a Stake Boat, and back to the starting point. At 12½ o'clock, M, the Bay in the vicinity of "Vue de l'Eau," was completely covered with Sail-Boats, of every imaginary description, while the shore was lined with thousands of persons anxiously waiting the result. At two o'clock P. M. the signal was hoisted for the boats to get under way, in the order as they were classed. In an instant the "Ceres" slipped her cable, and passed the Stake Boat, at 2 h. 4 m. 55 sec., and followed by the "Jerry Angell" at 2 h. 5 m. 12 sec. These were the only Boats entered in this class, and in fact, the only ones that the spectators appeared to take a great interest in. The wind, which had been blowing quite fresh from the N. all the A. M., now began to lull a trifle, which was not at all flattering to the innumerable friends and admirers of that noble "little Craft", the "Jerry Angell," and the result will show on what good foundation their suspicions were based. There was no perceptible difference in the position of the two, as far as the eye could distinguish, when they passed the point from our sight. The Stake Boat was rounded by the "Ceres" at 3 h. 18 m. 45 sec., and by the "Jerry Angell" at 3 h. 20 m. Thus far, the "Ceres," in sailing before the wind, had gained only 58 seconds; she (the Ceres,) being a centre-board boat, and the "Jerry Angell" a keel boat, the crew of the "Jerry" were quite confident of bearing off the prize on their return; and the first part of the sailing from this point looked favorable for such a result; the "Jerry" gradually gained on her, and had well nigh picked her up, when the breeze began to die away, and she dropped astern again. When abreast of Nayat Light, the Skipper of "Jerry" not liking his position, (it being under the lea quarter of the "Ceres") made a short "tack," which the skipper of the "Ceres" observed, and being aware of the advantage he possessed, determined not to loose it so easily and also tacked immediately, still holding the same position as before, and retaining his advantage; another short tack was made by the "Jerry," and as she came about for the eastern or "Starboard" tack the breeze freshened a little, and hauled a little to the eastward, so that his course was nearly across the bay, while that of the "Ceres" was nearly up the channel; this gave the "Ceres" a decided advantage, as she appeared to have a fine little breeze for some time, while the "Jerry Angell" was almost becalmed, under the lea shore. After getting out of this predicament, the "Jerry Angell" appeared to gain on her opponent at times, when the wind would freshen, but the fair goddess was too nimble to be caught, now; the distance was so short that the "Jerry's" chance for winning was gone, with the breeze. The "Ceres" passed the flag-boat at 5 h. 14 m. 7 sec.

Jerry Angell 5h. 22m. 10 sec.

The "Ceres" victory was hailed with cheers from a thousand voices as she passed along the eastern shore to her moorings in triumph. She is owned by Thomas Ives, Esq. of Providence, and was sailed on this occasion, by Capt. James Carr, in a manner that speaks highly of his skill and abilities, in the management of a boat of her class.

The "Jerry Angell," is owned and sailed by Capt. J. Angell, of Providence; is 38 feet long; 18 tons measurement; draws about 6 feet of water in ordinary trim, has a fine cabin, with berths to accommodate 8 persons, and is as fine a little yacht as ever stuck her prow in salt-water; give her sea-room and a plenty of "Old Boreas" and I think she is the fastest keel craft of her size, you can scare up.

The result of the other matters we published in our last.

Exciting Yacht Race.

NEW-YORK AGAINST BOSTON.

On Monday next, 10th inst., the race between the yachts Hayes, of New-York, and Olata, of Boston, for a silver pitcher of the value of $500, is to take place, provided there is a reefing breeze blowing, and provided also the Bostonians come to time, of which there appears to be a little doubt. The distance to be sailed is ten miles to sea and back.

Toronto Yacht Club.

On Saturday, Sept. 17th, a race took place for a handsome silver cup, value £25, presented to the Club by their Commodore, Captain Scholefield. The Toronto Daily Colonist gives the following report:

Eighteen Yachts entered, but only six were at the starting line at second gun fire, namely Witch, Echo, Undine, Coralie, Challenge, Foam.

The day was most unfavorable for sailing, the wind being light and variable.

TIME ON ROUNDING FIRST BUOY.

	H.	M.	S.
Witch (sloop) - -	3	45	15
Undine do. - - -	3	49	30
Challenge do. - -	3	50	00
Foam (schooner) - -	3	53	00

TIME AT WINNING BUOY.

	H.	M.	S.
Witch - - - -	5	59	30
Challenge - - - -	6	02	00
Undine - - - -	6	02	05
Foam - - - - -	6	05	30

The race was well contested by the four yachts above named. The Undine had the race in her own hands when rounding the light-house buoy, but owing to her topsail halliards getting foul, she could not carry all sail running home (wind free). This being a time race, the little Foam schooner was second best.

The American Yacht Silvie.

SOMETHING WRONG.

There must be a screw loose some where in the management of the Yacht Silvie, if we may judge from reports in the English papers. The following letter we find in an English paper. What is Mr. Depau about? Has he been bought?

THE ALARM AND SILVIE YACHTS.

Mr. Editor: Seeing by a letter in your paper of last week, that it was deemed unfortunate that no one would give the Silvie a trial in a breeze, to test her qualities, perhaps, you will insert this. The day after the match between Alarm schooner (Joseph Weld Esq) and Aurora Borealis, Mr. Joseph Weld asked me to go to Mr. Depau, and offer to sail the Silvie, which I did: and, in order to try her on all points, I proposed that they should sail ten miles on a wind, then with the wind right aft, with the wind before the beam, and with the wind abaft the beam, four different points of sailing for £50 each. Mr. Depau objected, unless Alarm sailed with her wings clipped, which, of course, I could not allow. The Silvie not being restricted in any way, I saw no reason for Alarm being restricted as to the number of sails. By inserting this it will be seen that all our yachts were not afraid of the Silvie, even with her sliding keel.---Yours, &c,

GOODRICH SHEDDEN.

N. B. Not to sail without plenty of wind.

Dublin, September 6th, 1853.

Regatta on Charles River.

A regatta took place on Charles river on Saturday 24th ult., and the following boats contended for the prizes. The distance was eight miles:—

Water Witch,	Capt. Hayden		66m	21s
Glide,	"	Wentworth,	65	16
Evening Star,	"	Richardson,	72	30
Triton,	"	Town,	63	35
Ellen,	"	Caswell,	67	46
Mermaid,	"	Door,	79	29

The Triton, Capt. Town, took the first prize; time, 63m. 35s.; and the Glide, Capt. Wentworth, the second; time, 65m. 16s.

Seven Miles Walking Match

AGAINST TIME.

The Stag's walking match against time came off at the Atlantic Garden, Broadway, on Monday last. The Stag was to walk seven miles in one hour, the stakes were $500 a side. At four o'clock the Stag appeared at the scratch, and started. The following is the time occupied in walking each mile:

	M	S
1st mile - - - -	8	00
2d " - - - -	7	10
3d " - - - -	8	12
4th " - - - -	7	03
5th " - - - -	9	00
6th " - - - -	8	10
7th " - - - -	8	12
	55	47

Thus it will be seen that the Stag succeeded in walking 7 miles in fifty-five minutes and forty-seven seconds, and winning the purse.

The Tonawanda Indian.

The Tonawanda Indian, lately arrived in England, has been matched with the American Deer, to run 10 miles, for £50 a side, The race is to come off on Monday, October 17th, within 25 miles of London. The Indian is backed by an American.

Kate Irving, the Pedestrienne.

This lady has been challenged by a Mr. Charles O'Conner, of White Friars, to walk 1000 miles, for any sum she may choose to name.

Target, Excursions, &c.

We would mention, for the information of our friends, that our paper is made up on Wednesday morning, so that unless we receive reports on Tuesday evening, or Wednesday before 10 o'clock A. M., we are compelled to defer such reports until the succeeding number. This will account for the non-appearance of several articles in last week's Clipper.

EXCURSIONS TO TAKE PLACE.

Peterson Light Guard, Oct. 10.
Union Light Guard, Oct. 12.
Hester Light Guards, Oct. 17.
Liberty Guards, Oct. 17.
Stanton Light Guards, Oct. 13.
McCarthy Guards, Oct. 17.
Atlantic Light Guard, Oct. 31.
Duncan Guard, Nov. 1.
Baxter Guard, Nov. 1.
Willett Light Guard, Nov. 2.
Sweeney Guard, Nov. 7.
Hempstead Musketeers, Nov. 14,
L. C. Grimes Guard, Nov. 14.
Edward J. Shandley Guard, Nov. 21.
Lindsey Blues, Nov. 24.

Ormsby Light Guard.

This Company of young men, under the command of Capt. Charles A. O'Rourke, went on their annual target excursion on Wednesday of last week. The Ormsby's turned out 24 muskets, and 8 pioneers, and were attended by Adkins's Brass Band.

They proceeded to Mr. Benjamin's Pavillion, Staten Island, where the following prizes were contended for and awarded to the successful marksmen: 1. Silver Cup, won by E. Henderson; 2. Silver Pen and Pencil, R. Gamble; 3. Set of Silver Spoons, David Gamble; 4. Ivory Porte Monnaie, A. Henderson; 5. Gold Locket, George Cowey; 6. Silver Pencil, Samuel Caldville; 7. Pistol, John Russell; 8. Porte Monnaie, Wm Jones; 9. The Target, Henry Magee.

The Baxters.

In our notice of the Baxter Light Guard, in last weeks' Clipper, we errorously gave the names of the officers elected last year, instead of those just elected. The Captain is Benjamin T. Brady; Orderly, John Miller.

As the Dodworth's have four separate bands of music, and as many of our readers are anxious to ascertain which of them has been engaged by the Baxters, we would state that they have secured the sevices of the one known as the "Cornet Mixed Band," which has never, we believe, paraded with a volunteer company. The band will parade with the following instruments on the turn out of the Baxters, viz:

Brass Instruments,	18
Reed Instruments,	10
Oboes,	2
Small Drums,	10
Large Drums,	2
Fifes,	2
Cymbals,	1
Total instruments,	45

The Band will parade in citizens dress with beaver hats. The Baxters will parade as regular infantry, and will have but two lieutenants.

Stanton Light Guard.

This company go on their Second Annual Target Excursion, to the grounds of Mr. D. Pollock, at Hoboken, on Thursday, 13th inst. They will number about 35 muskets and will be accompanied by Shelton's Brass Band. The following are the officers: Commandant, Thomas W. Skuse; 1st Lieut., James Sheridan: 2d Lieut., Thomas Rafferty; 3d Lieut., John Patterson; 4th Lieut., Wm. Halley.

We received a polite invitation to accompany the Stantons, for which we tender our sincere thanks.

McCarthy Guard.

This company, named in honor of Mr. John McCarthy, a young citizen of Fifth Ward, will go on their Fifth Annual Excursion to Glendale, N. J., on Monday, October 17th. The following are the officers:—

Commandent, M. Cassidy; 1st Lieut. Wm. Willett; 2d Lieut., C. Darrath; 3d Lieut., A. Marble; 4th Lieut., Wm. Dean; 5th Lieut., James Evans; Orderly Sergeant, B. Chandler.

We thank you for the kind invitation extended us, and hope you will derive much pleasure from your first excursion, and that many more equally agreeable may follow it.

Irwin Guard.

We received a beautiful circular containing an invitation to us to accompany the above company on their excursion to Hoboken on Thursday last. We should have been too happy to have joined our friends in the pleasures of the day, but really we are so *pressed* for time as to prevent us from accepting the numerous invitations so cordially tendered us.—Accept our thanks, gentlemen of the Irwin Guards.

Lindsey Blues.

The Third Annual Excursion of the "Lindsey Blues," CAPT. WM. R. GWYN, takes place on Thanksgiving-day, Nov. 24th. The "Blues" have a regular uniform, and, as is quite unusual with the independent companies, drill as Regular Infantry. Speaking of this we wonder that our young men will persist in drilling as Light Infantry when Regular Infantry is far more soldierlike, and even if they parade but one platoon, gives them a more creditable appearance. Numerous companies may be seen parading the streets of our city, the officers nearly as numerous as the privates.

We hope this will be remedied. The "Lindsey Blues" have recently adopted a new company belt, *the cost of which amounted to over one hundred dollars, the suit!* Immense rivalry exists in the upper wards among the target companies, and we trust it will have a tendency to improve. Thanks to the "Lindsey Blues" for an invitation to accompany them.

Our Own Guard.

This company went on their second annual target excursion to Tarrytown, on Wednesday, the 28th Sept. They were commanded by Capt. James H. Morrow; I. Matte, Orderly; and Lieutenants Mackenzie, Cummings, Jones, Van Gieserr, and Christian. They numbered forty muskets. They wore black pants, with buff stripe, black glazed cap, white vest, and black frock coat, with black belt. The following prizes were contended for, and awarded to the best marksmen:

1. $15 in money, presented by Company, won by D. Hopper.
2. Silver Cake Basket. presented by Officers, won by A. Ackerman.
3. Silver Cup, presented by Mr. Kenedy, won by J. Ellison.
4. Gold Pencil, presented by Mr. Winthrop, won by H. Stanton.
5. Gold Pencil, presented by Mr. Stanton, won by Lieut. Cummings.
6. $5 Hat, presented by Mr. Morrow, won by F. Hesse.
7. Gold Pencil, presented by Mr. Ely, won by G. G. Springer.
8. Gold Breast-pin, presented by Mr. Brant, won by J. Matte.
9. $5 Vest, presented by Mr. Van Keler, won by G. Hopper.
10. Target, won by G. Watson.

One Box Segars, presented by Mr. Brant, for the best single shot, won by H. Van Houten.

Union Light Guards.

This company, under the command of Capt. R. J. Campbell, will go on their third annual target excursion on Wednesday, October 12th. The company will start from Delaree's Assembly Rooms, corner of 8th Avenue and 25th street, at half-past 7 o'clock.

The officers are as follows: Capt. R. J. Campbell; Orderly Sergt., J. Bradley; Ensign, T. Crosbey; 1st Lieutenant, T. Carroll; 2nd, O. Mooney; 3d, E. Roe; 4th, F. O'Neil; 5th, J. Vance; 6th, R. Clayton. They will be accompanied by Shelton's Band, and will proceed to the Pavillion, Staten Island, for target practice, and, after contending for some valuable prizes, will return to the city and wind up by giving a grand invitation ball at Knickerbocker Hall, in the evening.

For the honor done us in electing us as one of your guests, we offer our grateful acknowledgments. May Union, like your name, be your motto; for "in Union," be it remembered, "there is strength."

Croton Guard.

The following are the names of the successful marksmen on the excursion of the Croton Guard on the 27th Sept., and the prizes awarded them:

1.	Wm. H. Holden,	$2 50
2.	Alex. Cross,	Silver Cake Basket.
3.	Wm. Welsh,	$20
4.	James Many,	Silver Cup.
5.	Wm. Ward,	Gold Pencil.
6.	John Kelleman,	" "
7.	John Eaton,	Silver Cake Basket.
8.	Mr. Robertson,	Gold Pencil.
9.	Charles Boron	" "
10.	Charles Murry,	Gold Ring.
11.	Andrew Owens,	Gold Pencil.
12.	Andrew Leary,	Sword.
13.	Wm. C. Seaman,	Silver Watch.
14.	James Aspel,	Silver Cup.
15.	Moses Jackson,	" "
16.	Michael Gill,	Gold Ring.
17.	Peter Halpen,	Silver Cake Basket.
18.	James Cochran,	" " "
19.	J. W. Willard,	Gold Breast Pin.
20.	John Farrell,	Gold Ring.
21.	George Devlin	" Broach.
22.	Henry Crawford,	" Ring.
23.	John Lindsey,	$5 00
24.	Abm. Brewer,	Breast Pin.
25.	Samuel Young,	Gold Pencil.
26.	James Cassidy,	" "
27.	J. Gregory,	Silver Spoons & Tongs.
28.	Edward Riley,	$10 00
29.	James Nichols,	5 00
30.	Wm. H. Aldredge,	Hat.
31.	John Eaton,	Tobacco Box.
32.	Edward Wren,	Castor.
33.	Thomas Judd,	$5 00
34.	Ira B. Davis,	5 00
35.	M. Kleber,	Order for Hat.

The C. W Hayes Light Guard,

Passed our office on Tuesday last, on their return from their Fourth Annual Target Excursion to Patterson. They presented a fine appearance, and marched remarkably well. Wallace's Band accompanied the Hayes Guard, and gave great satisfaction by their performance. The following prizes, presented by the persons whose names are annexed, were awarded to the gentlemen named below:

1. Gold Watch, presented by C. W. Hayes, won by J. Boyle; 2. Silver Goblet, presented by Mrs. C. W. Hayes, won by W. Roberts; 3. Silver Cake Basket, presented by Mr. H. Semcken, won by G. Baker; 4. Gold Pencil, presented by Mr. Grant, won by T. Kehoe; 5. Gold Chain, presented by Mr. Andrews, won by M. Mulligan; 6. Gold Locket, presented by Mr. Weekes, won by T. Fowkes; 7. $5 Gold Piece, presented by Mr. Raynor, won by W. Boyle; $5 Silk Hat, presented by Mr. Rhodes, won by J. Knight; 9. $5 Silk Hat, presented by Mr. W. Smith, won by A. Marshall; 10. $5 Silk Hat, presented by Mr, L. Robbins, won by W. Femrel; 11. $5 Silk Hat, presented by Mr. W. C. Dupignac, won by J. Fay; 12. $5 Silk Hat, presented by Mr. C. Thompson, won by J. Grant.

Hamilton Guard.

The members and volunteers of Hamilton Engine Company No. 15 of Brooklyn, will go on their annual target excursion on the 17th October, and will number upwards of 90 muskets. They are under the efficient command of Thomas McGuire. They will contend for some beautiful prizes, on their return they give a grand ball at the Gothic Hall, Brooklyn. Thanks for your invitation.

Duncan Guard.

This company, under the command of Capt. Henry Jones, will parade on the 1st of November. The Duncans are named after Mr. John Duncan, a well known citizen of the 14th Ward, and number at present 40 muskets. They will spend the day at the Pavillion, Staten Island. The Duncans drill every Monday evening at the 14th Ward Head Quarters, corner of Grand and Elizabeth streets.

Pitt Light Guard.

In our notice of the Pitt Light Guard, in our last, we erroneously called them the Potter Light Guard. Our readers will please notice this correction.

Fire Department.

THE FIRE MEN.

THE APPROACHING PARADE OF THE NEW YORK FIRE DEPARTMENT.

October 14th, 1853.

The firemen are actively engaged in getting ready for the approaching parade. About 90 companies, we understand, have signified their intention of turning out, which, together with the visiting companies from adjacent places, will, perhaps, swell the number to one hundred companies. This is well, and speaks of harmony among our firemen.

A correspondent seeing a notice in the Clipper that the Moyamensing Hose Company of Philadelphia, will visit the city and take part in the celebration, wishes to know if the Moyamensing is the Company with which the notorious "Killers" are connected. In answer, we would state, that a few years since a gang of rowdies, bearing the name of "Killers," nightly met in the neighborhood of the Moyamensing's house, and by their disgraceful acts created such terror in the district as to actually cause property in Moyamensing to lessen in value, and to drive many respectable people residing there to other quarters. The authorities, of not only Moyamensing, but of the entire city and county of Philadelphia, were set at defiance, and for a long period the "killers" had every thing their own way. A change in the police department about three years since, put a stop to all further outrages of the "killers," and they were entirely broken up. The Moyamensing Hose company were charged with harboring the "killers," but this they denied, and we have no reason at present to disbelieve them. However, "let by-gones be by-gones," and as the Moyamensing will arrive here on or about the 13th inst., we hope our citizens will judge them by their actions. They will bring a beautiful new carriage with them, and will be accompanied by Bailey's Brass Band.

CHIEF ENGINEERS OFFICE, Oct. 4, 1853.

The following Companies have reported to the Chief Engineer, that they will participate in the 3d Annual parade of the Fire Department on the 14th inst:

COMPS.	NO.	MEN.	COMPS.	NO.	MEN.
Hudson	1	50	Fulton	21	60
Excelsior	2	60	Protector	22	40
Broderick	3	40	Waverly	23	60
Niagara	4	60	Jackson	24	50
Protection	5	40	Cataract	25	40
Americus	6	60	Jefferson	26	40
Lexington	7	60	Pacific	28	40
U. States	9	60	Guardian	29	40
Wat. Witch	10	40	Tompkins	30	40
Oceanus	11	60	Hope	31	60
Eagle	13	40	Black Joke	33	50
Columbian	14	70	Columbus	35	40
Peterson	15	60	Clinton	41	41
Croton	16	40	Empire	42	60
East River	17	40	Manhattan	43	50
Atlantic	18	50	Live Oak	44	60
Lafayette	19	60	Aurora	45	40
HOSE.			Washington	20	40
Eagle	1	25	HOSE.		
Knickb'ker.	2	25	Constitut'l.	29	25
Indepen'nc.	3	25	Putnam	31	25
Marion	4	25	Index	32	25
New York	5	25	Warren	33	25
Croton	6	25	Star	34	25
Ringgold	7	25	Oceana	36	25
City	8	25	Madison	37	25
Columbian	9	25	Amity	38	25
Liberty	10	25	Metropolitan	39	25
Atlantic	14	25	Empire	40	25
Fulton	15	25	Alert	41	25
Tompkins	16	25	Mazeppa	42	25
Clinton	17	25	Pioneer	43	25
Franklin	18	25	Washington Irving,	44	25
American	19	25	Red Jacket	45	25
Humane	20	25	Howard	47	25
Hudson	21	25	Corlies	50	25
Phenix	22	25	Eureka	54	25
Perry	23	25	Harry		
National	24	25	Howard	55	25
U. States	25	25	H'K. and L'R.		
Neptune	27	25			
H'K. and L'R.					
Chelsea	2	40	Empire	7	40
Phenix	3	40	Knickerb'r.	11	40
Eagle	4	40	Friendship	12	40
Union	5	40	Marion	13	40
Lafayette	6	40	Empire	8,	40

Hydrant Company No. 4.

Engine Companies Nos. 12, 36, 38, and Hose Companies Nos. 28, 52, and 53, and Hook and Ladder No. 10, are the only Companies that have given notice that they will not parade.

Of the remainder of the Department, (Engines, 8, 27, 42, 34, 48, and 49, Hose Companies 11, 12, 13, 26, 30, 46, 48, 49, and 51; Hook and Ladder Companies No. 1. 46. 7,&9,) probably three-fourths of them will parade. In order, however, for them to be placed in the programme in proper order, it will be necessary, for them to report at the office of the Chief Engineer immediately.

The Chief Engineer acts as Grand Marshal of the parade, and the Assistant Engineers as Aids. At a meeting of the Marshals, it was decided that the tax of each Company to pay expenses of music, &c., be laid at thirty-seven-and-a-half cents per man, reckoning for the full number of men which the respective company is allowed by law. This amount, the companies have been notified, must be paid at the office of the Chief Engineer, on or before the 10th inst.

The same rules and regulations will be observed on this parade as on the last one. The Companies will meet at 10 o'clock, in the morning, in East Broadway; countermarch to Grand st.; march down Grand street to Bowery, up Bowery and Fourth Avenue to 23rd street; through 23rd street to 9th avenue; down 9th avenue, round Abingdon Square to Bleeker street; through Bleeker street to Broadway; down Broadway through the Park and dismiss.

ALFRED CARSON, Grand Marshal.

Parade of the Brooklyn Fire Department.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 3d, 1853.

The third annual parade of the Brooklyn Fire Department took place on Monday last. The firemen numbered about one thousand men independent of exempts and members of bands, which numbered near two hundred more. With one or two exceptions the machines were all nicely, and some profusely decorated with beautiful wreaths artificial flowers, presents from the lady friends of the companies.

The national ensign, State and city flags were displayed from the City Hall, and all the public buildings along the route of the procession threw to the breeze the stars and stripes.

Across the street from Gunning's store in Fulton street, was displayed a banner bearing the representation of a "Buck" and containing the following inscription: "Welcome, our Albany friends Relief, 11—Constitution, 7—a hearty 'welcome to Albany.' This banner was gotten up by members of No. 7 in honor of Relief Co. No. 11 of Albany, now on a visit to the city.

The programme of arrangements as agreed upon was strictly carried out, the line forming in the following order:

Committee from each Company, as escorts to guests from Albany.

BAND.

Relief Co. No. 11, of Albany—Guests of No. 7. Israel D. Nelson, Grand Marshal; W. Vanderveer, Jos. Reeves, Geo. Stayley, Wm. L. Boyd and A. B. Bell, Aids.

BAND.

Exempt Firemen in Carriages.

Association of Exempt Firemen, with Fire Department Banner and the Black Friar Engine of the Navy Yard, which was captured from the British in the war of 1812. Upon the condensing valve of this ancient apparatus is painted the following: "Ontario, 5—captured at Little York, U. C., A. D. 1813. Built at Blackfriar's Bridge, London."

Franklin Engine No. 3, Robert Barr, foreman, 70 men. Decorated with wreaths and boquets presented by Miss Mary Hendrickson and other lady friends of the Company.

Atlantic Hose No. 1, Warren Beebe, foreman, 39 men. Decorated with artificial flowers and a tasteful wreath surmounting the carriage bearing the name of the Company. A basket, worked in artificial flowers by Miss Moore of Philadelphia, and Miss Lord of Brooklyn, was suspended over the box. It is a very neat and pretty affair. The Company has been in existence 21 years. Their present carriage is old and delapidated, but a new one is building which will soon be ready for delivery.

BAND.

Eagle Engine No. 4, Francis B. Spinola, foreman, 60 men. No decoration; in mourning for the decease of a fellow member.

Union Engine No. 5. Thos. Giddings, foreman, 75 men. Nicely decorated with wreaths.

Mechanic Hose No. 2, Stephen A. Mann, foreman, 30 men. Finely decorated.

BAND.

Constitution Engine No. 7, John Cunningham, Foreman, 75 men. Neatly painted and beautifully decorated. On the front panel of condensing valve is represented an Indian hunt; on the side panels an Amazon with a bow and arrow, and a girl feeding a buck; on the rear panel is a representation of Niagara Falls.

Continental Engine No. 9, George Rogers, Foreman, 60 men. Decorated with miniature flags and wreaths. Air valve surmounted with the Goddess of Liberty in gilt—very pretty.

Alert Hose No. 3, John Zerhs, Foreman, 30 men. A very beautiful carriage, ornamented with wreaths.

BAND.

Lafayette Hook and Ladder Co., Joseph Montross, foreman, 40 men.

In mourning for a deceased member.

Jackson Engine, No. 11, Richard Campbell, foreman, 60 men. Valve surmounted with miniature flags and breaks ornamented with wreaths. This apparatus is old and condemned. A new one is in course of construction.

Montauk Hose No. 4, David Healey, foreman, 30 men. Ornamented with wreaths presented by ladies.

BAND.

Pacific Engine No. 12, John A. Weed, foreman, 75 men. Engine exceedingly handsome. Condensing case ornamented with a large gilt eagle, bearing in his beak a basket of flowers. A tender attached to this company was drawn by 19 boys, who had exerted themselves for some days in ornamenting it. It was finely painted by one of the members, and tastefully ornamented with wreaths and bouquets. Shelton's Band, (25 instruments,) engaged by the members, preceding the engine.

Mount Prospect Engine No. 16, Wm. H. Hopkins, foreman, 55 men. Ornamented with a new and handsome leader jacket and beautiful wreaths of flowers.

Brooklyn Engine No. 17, Francis W. Webb, foreman, 75 men. Elegantly painted and profusely decorated with national colors and wreaths of flowers. The condensing valve surmounted with a gilt Grasshopper of huge dimensions, the emblem of the Company.

BAND.

Frontier Hose No. 5, John A White, foreman, 30 men. This company was recently organized, and by rule would have brought up the rear of the procession, but No. 18 Engine Co. courteously extended them the privilege to precede them, for which kindly act the members of No. 5 feel grateful. The Hose Carriage was prettily ornamented with flags.

Independence Engine No. 18, John M. Gedney, foreman, 60 men. Finely ornamented with wreaths, and two little boys in firemen's dress, perched upon the box.

In consequence of the great length of the route, the procession did not reach the place of dismissal until nearly dark. Everything passed off quietly and creditably.

The New York Clipper.

WEEKLY SPORTING PAPER,

DEVOTED TO

THE RING, THE TURF,
YACHTING, PEDESTRIANISM,
CRICKET, ROWING MATCHES,
THEATRICALS, MUSIC,

And the various sports of the OLD WORLD AND THE NEW.

THE CLIPPER is published every Thursday morning, and is for sale by the news dealers in New York, Brooklyn, Williamsburgh, Jersey City, &c., at the low price of 3 cents per copy.

Reports of Races, Prize Fights, and sporting events of all kinds will be gladly received from correspondents, and inserted gratuitously in the columns of the CLIPPER.

Advertisements inserted on reasonable terms, 6 cents per line for the first insertion, and 4 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. The CLIPPER will afford a desirable medium for the circulation of sporting and other advertisements, as its immense patronage secures its perusal by 50,000 readers.

Full reports of every sporting affair of interest, in this or the old country, will be always found in the CLIPPER, and extensive arrangements will be made to procure such domestic information as cannot be found in any other journal.

The Amusement Department, embracing the Opera, Theatricals, Exhibitions, &c., &c., will be under the direction of a gentleman every way qualified for that duty. Our reports will be correct, and such as may be depended upon for faithfulness.

In fact, no expense will be spared by the proprietor, to render the NEW YORK CLIPPER one of the most desirable papers published in this city.

Communications on business should be addressed to the proprietor, and those for the editorial department to the editor. Either of our Wholesale Agents will receive and deliver into the hands all communications addressed to us. Correspondence from other cities, towns, &c., will meet with proper attention.

Sporting Items are solicited from all quarters.

TERMS OF THE CLIPPER.

Three Cents a single copy.
One Dollar and Fifty Cents a year.
Four Copies will be sent to one address one year for **Five Dollars,** or a larger number in the same proportion; in all cases in advance.

Address. HARRISON TRENT,
150 Fulton Street, N. Y.

NEW YORK CLIPPER.

OCTOBER 8, 1853.

HARRISON TRENT, Proprietor.
FRANK QUEEN, Editor.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS

Ross & Jones, 21 Ann Street.
S. Hallock, 150 Fulton Street.
Mike Madden, 47 Ann Street.
Yates & Seely, 15 Ann Street,

Notice.

☞ Persons wishing to subscribe to the Clipper, will please send direct to our office, No. 150 Fulton street.

☞ OUR PHILADELPHIA AGENT, Mr. A Winch, 116 Chesnut street, will supply newspaper dealers in Philadelphia with the Clipper at our regular wholesale rates.

Answers to Correspondents.

John McCabe.—The song of "The other side of Jordan" has been so worn out by "nigger singers," that we do not think it would be advisable to publish your new verses.

Joe, a Jersey Mute.—Your epistle came safe to hand on Thursday of last week. We shall be pleased to number you among our contributors to the "Skipper's Cabin" department of the Clipper, but the article received is not "quite in that line." It is well written, however. We should like to hear from you again in the shape of *amusing incidents,* &c., if you feel in the *humor.*

E. Horace.—"A Day's Shooting," while embracing some amusing points, would be rather too long for our columns. *Short* sporting items, we would be pleased to have. Take no offence at the non-appearance of your sketch, for we intend none.

Sam Maddox.—In, in part.

Reilo, Providence.—Your letter did not reach us until Friday, Sept. 30. Thank you. Will be pleased to hear from you often.

Greenharm.—Previous to your article reaching us we had received an account of the match from another correspondent, which was already in type. Thank you for your letter.

C. Thomas.—It is hardly worth while to notice Purdy. Besides, the statements contained in your article might place us in an awkward position were we to publish them.

C. F. Perry.—We stated in a former number that Mrs. Farren, was a sister of Mrs. Parker's of the Bowery Theatre. Our correspondent says—"Mrs. Farren, formerly Miss Russell, was sister to Mr. James Russell, first husband of Mrs. Parker, thus they are sisters-in-law, not sisters. Jim Russell, as he was formerly called, was a member of Ludlow Smith's company, New Orleans, and in 1848 fell a victim to the yellow fever."

TOM SPRING.

HIS LIFE AND BATTLES IN THE RING.

In the next number of the New York Clipper will be commenced the Life and Battles in the Prize Ring of this once celebrated and gentlemanly "Champion of England." The record of the battles fought by Spring will be read with interest by our readers, being the only record of them ever published in this country. Those who wish to preserve a copy of this work will do well to secure a copy of the Clipper as early as published for it is impossible for us to print a second edition. The Battles of Spring will be continued in the Clipper from week to week, until finished, probably taking up five or six numbers.

Molineaux.

On our first page will be found an account of one of the most extraordinary battles in the Prize Ring ever recorded.

The Williamsburgh Prize Fight.

We have received an account of this battle, which we are compelled to defer till next week, on account of it not reaching us in season.

Funny Fan Department.

NUMBER ELEVEN.

Retail News-dealers of New York.

The great number of persons engaged in the retail newspaper trade of New York at this date, cannot fail to attract the attention of strangers visiting our city, as well as our own citizens. It is only of late years that the news business has become such a great branch of the vast trade of New York. In former years there were but few news depots in this city, and but few newsboys, comparatively speaking. As soon, however, as cheap daily papers began to obtain a firm footing in the community, and those who had been accustomed to reading the large sixpenny sheets, changed them for the more progressive cheap papers, a wide field was at once opened for the newsboys, who "went in," to use a common expression, and reaped a rich reward for their enterprise. Their success stimulated others to follow the path thus laid out by the original band of newsboys, and soon what before had been but a mere handful of newsdealers, was augmented into an army. News-stands, news-stores, and news-depots of every description were established throughout the city—and now it is hardly possible to walk through any quarter of the city without seeing one of these convenient little offices.

Many persons enter into the business from impressions they have had of the great profits to be derived from the sale of newspapers. They are soon undeceived, however, and are glad to retire without the loss of their entire capital. Others, again, consider the news business as requiring but little trouble, time or attention. They also form a different opinion on the first day of their initiation, for there is no occupation an individual can engage in that will try the patience more than that of the newsdealers, for he has to be up early, and retires late. It is a tedious business, and requires the closest attention.

For a person who is in no way acquainted with the newspaper-trade, or who has no friend to give him a few instructions in relation thereto, it is rather a hazardous business to commence, and in nine cases out of ten, he will fail in his anticipations. Newsdealers must be able to bear many a hard knock in their *search after knowledge,* as those at present in the business can testify. In endeavoring to procure their daily papers at an early hour, so that their customers can be supplied before going to their daily avocations, they receive such treatment from those whom they are compelled to purchase from, as to make the blood mantle to the cheek, to think that poverty forces them to endure such treatment, and that too from mere hirelings. They are treated more like brutes in some instances than as human beings. Oaths are showered upon them in abundance, but calm and submissive they must bear it all; they are only newsdealers. It is with great pleasure, however, we can point out one exception. Every newsdealer in New-York will cheerfully give his meed of praise to the gentleman who delivers the papers to the carriers and newsdealers in the Tribune office, "Dave." Who among the vast army of dealers in cheap literature has not dealt with Dave? A gentleman in every sense of the term, he has a kind word for all; attends alike cheerfully to all, and arranges his business in such a manner as to give satisfaction to all whom business may bring him in contact with. It is a real pleasure to speak thus of one—would that we could extend our praise to other offices; but were we to mention but a part of the inconveniences met with by news dealers in procuring their supply of daily papers, with the above exception, our readers could form but a faint idea of the reality. We will not shock them with a recital of the facts. On this picture we will draw the curtain.

The profits derived from the sale of daily papers by retailers are by no means large, and when taken into consideration with the fact that all papers unsold by the retailer are placed to his loss account, it is surprising how so many manage to eke out a subsistence. All two cent daily papers are sold to newsdealers at the rate of $1,50 per 100, or a cent and a half a piece. The Sun, the only penny paper, sold to any great extent, is sold to retailers at 72 cents per 100. These daily papers must be paid for in advance, and in some instances, one and two days in advance; so that if there should be a scarcity of news, you must take the number ordered, whether you can sell them or not, and it often happens that retailers are "stuck" rather heavy, in fact so heavy as to take away *all* of the profits, besides a *small slice of the capital invested.* Not very profitable, is it? It is but seldom that retailers sell out *clean;* they almost always have a "few more left." Many persons have an idea that papers not sold are returned to the different offices, where allowance is made for them; but this is not the case, nor would it answer as well as the present arrangement from the simple fact that every dealer would take out an extra quantity, knowing that if not sold, the loss would not be his; whereas by the present plan, each retailer endeavors to calculate as closely as possible, in order to save his profit.

There are thousands of men, women and children engaged in the retail newspaper trade in New York. Some of them have regular routes, from which they make a good living; others, again, depend altogether upon transient custom, some days clearing enough to enable them to obtain the necessaries of life, while at other times they go from morning till night without food, in consequence of being unable to sell their daily news. We have seen children of five and six years of age sent out by drunken parents to sell papers, in order to purchase liquor with the proceeds of their children's daily toil; we have also seen children of the same tender years, barefoot and in rags, trudging their way in the early morn of cold and dreary winter, with their bundles of papers under their arms, trying to sell enough to buy food and medicine for their sick and famishing parents. Ye, who pass such children by in your daily walks, add your mite to their little store—help the young trades folk in their honest pursuit, and by so doing, though you may sometimes render assistance to those who are undeserving of it, yet in the majority of cases you will be performing an act of charity, which will not go unrewarded.

Oh! weary, weary are their feet,
And weary is their way,
Through many a long and crowded street,
They toil from day to day.
See that child with face so pale,
He is too tender and too young
To bear the autumn's sullen gale,
Yet all day long the child has sung——

"Here's the daily half cent, on'y a cent—gim me a cent, I'll give yer half a cent change."

The Skipper's Cabin.

A Talk with our Friends at Home and Abroad.

OUR CORRESPONDENCE ABROAD.

We have received numerous letters during the week from gentlemen in other cities, desirous of becoming correspondents to the Clipper. To one and all we acknowledge our sense of gratitude for the interest manifested in our behalf, and would be most happy to receive items of information on sporting matters from all sections of the country. We go to press on Wednesday afternoons, so that for correspondence to be published early, it must reach us by Tuesday.

* * * *

CHRISTIAN EXAMPLE.—Those who do not read the advertisements in our daily papers, miss a rich treat. On looking over the Herald a few days since we noticed an advertisement of a young man in want of board. The advertiser being a pious young man, advertised that he would prefer board in a pious family, "*where his Christian example would be considered a compensation.*" That fellow will either make his fortune, or end his days in prison for horse stealing! We don't care which.

* * * *

MONUMENT TO THE CAPTORS OF MAJOR ANDRE.—As preparations have been and are still making for the erection of a monument to the memory of Williams, Van Wart and Paulding, the captors of Major Andre, it may not be out of place to give an account of that capture, as taken from the notes of a personal conversation which the writer had with David Williams, one of the actors in the scene.

Williams, Van Wart, and Paulding, (Williams aged between 22 and 23, the other two being younger,) were going to see some relations 20 miles below. The three were seated beside the road in the bushes, amusing themselves at cards, when their attention was arrested by the galloping of a horse. On approaching the road, they saw a gentleman riding towards them, seated on a large brown horse, which was afterward observed to have marked on the near shoulder the initials U. S. A. The rider was a light, trim-built man, about 5 feet 7 inches in height, with a bold military countenance and dark eyes, and was dressed in a round hat, blue surtout, crimson coat, with pantaloons and vest of nankeen. As he neared them, the three cocked their muskets and aimed at the rider, who immediately checked his horse, and the following conversation ensued:

Andre. "Gentleman, I hope you are of our party."
Paulding. "What party?"
Andre. "The lower party."
Paulding. "We do."
Andre. "I am a British officer; I have been up in the country on particular business, and would not wish to be detained a single moment."

He thereupon pulled out a gold watch, and exhibited it as an evidence that he was a gentleman, and returned it again to his fob. Paulding thereupon remarked, "*We are Americans.*"

Andre. "God bless my soul! a man must do anything to get along—I am a continental officer, going down to Dobbs Ferry to get information from below."

Andre then drew out and presented a pass from General Arnold, in which was the assumed name of John Anderson. Seizing hold upon the reins of the horse, they ordered him to dismount. Andre exclaimed, "You will bring yourself into trouble!" "We care not for that," was the reply. They took him down ten or fifteen rods beside a run of water and Williams proceeded to search the hat, coat, vest, shirt, and pantaloons, in which they found $80 in continental money; and at last ordered him to take off his boots. At this, he changed color. Williams drew off the left boot first, and Paulding seizing it, exclaimed, "My God! here it is!" In it three half sheets of written paper were found enveloped by a half sheet, marked, "contents West Point." Paulding again exclaimed: "*My God! he's a spy!*" On pulling off the other boot, a similar package was found.

Andre was now allowed to dress, and they marched him across the road into the field about twenty rods. The young men winked to each other to make further discoveries, and inquired from whom he got the papers? "Of a man at Pine's bridge, a stranger to me," replied Andre. He then offered them for his liberty, his horse and equipage, watch, and 100 guineas. This they refused to take, unless he informed them where he obtained the manuscript. He refused to comply, but again offered his horse, equipage, and one thousand guineas. They were firm in their denial, and Andre increased his offer to ten thousand guineas and as many drygoods as they wished, which should be deposited in any place desired—that they might keep him and send some one to New York with his order, so that they could obtain them unmolested. To this they replied, "that it did not signify for him to make any offer, for he should not go." They then proceeded to the nearest military station, which was at North Castle, about twelve miles distant. On the way, Andre gave them his watch, telling them that "it was a prize." On delivering him to Colonel Jamieson, the commanding officer, that gentleman enjoined the strictest secrecy, at the same time expressing an opinion that there were others doubtless concerned in the plot Major Tallmadge, who had commanded a guard, received Andre at Col. Jamieson's quarters, and afterward, with about twenty men, conducted him to Col. Sheldon, at Salem. The three accompanied Andre part of the way, and then left. During the night, Tallmadge caused Andre to be tied to a tree at Comyen Hill. From Salem he was conveyed to West Point, and from thence to Tappan.

Williams, Paulding, and Van Wart, stood within the ring when Andre was hung. When the officer informed him that his time had nearly expired, and inquired if he had anything to say, he answered, "Nothing but for them to witness to the world that he died like a brave man." The hangman, who was painted black, offered to put on the noose—"Take off your black hands!" said Andre; then putting on the noose himself, took out his handkerchief, tied it on, drew it up, bowed with a smile to his acquaintances, and died.

* * * *

THE SLEEPING MAN.—A lazy individual on being invited to take a look at the Sleeping Man, now exhibiting in this city, remarked that without he could participate in his *enjoyment* it would afford him but little gratification. He was envious of the *pleasure* enjoyed by the long sleeper.

* * * *

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—The champions of woman's rights have been instrumental in *lowering female habits in the eyes of the community,* if we may judge from the *exposures* daily made by our fashionable females in Broadway. Just like them.

* * * *

CANVAS BACKS.—On taking a look at the picture gallery at the Crystal Palace a day or two since, we came to the conclusion that it would make a capital restaurant, as it is well-filled with *canvas backs.*

* * * *

THE EFFECT OF JULLIEN'S CONCERTS.—"Ah Jim," said a colored person to his friend," dat Jullien is doing great tings for de masses."

"Is dat a fack? What am he bin doin, Zeph."

"Habent you fine out yet? Ebery body is gone into de music bisness—de man wot make de hand organs *cant sell 'em fast enuff,* dere's such a demand for em. Its all on Jullien's 'count—hes' refinin de masses—all dem wot used to play on de juseharp, takes to de hand organ now—oh dere's *jolly* times, now mind I told you. Good by Jim, I'll see you dis ebening in de parquet at de National."

* * * *

"The Bower of Beauty."

This is the romantic name applied to the establishment of Mr. F. Gouraud, at No. 67 Walker-street, first door from Broadway, where can be found the most valuable articles for the toilet ever discovered, embracing Gouraud's Italian Medicated Soap, a superior article for rendering the skin smooth and clear; Gouraud's Lilly White for imparting a pearly whiteness to the complexion; Gouraud's Poudres Subtiles, for eradicating superfluous hair; Gouraud's Liquid Hair Dye; Vegetable Rouge, and Hair Restorative. All the above valuable preparations are invaluable for a lady or gentleman's toilet, and can be had on reasonable terms.

Prepare for the Winter.

Already is the busy note of preparation heard among housekeepers; and already can be seen, daily, hundreds of our citizens, hurrying to and from the extensive carpet establishment of Hiram Anderson, No. 99 Bowery. Why is all this hurry? The keen blasts of the wintry wind give warning to put our habitations in order, and be ready to meet the frozen king on equal ground. Take up your old carpets, rugs, &c., and select some of Anderson's cheap and beautiful carpetings before old winter is upon you, and then you can sit cozily before your cheerful grate, and say of the chilling winds, "let them come: *we are prepared.*"

A Genteel Appearance.

Nothing adds so much to the appearance, as a well finished, well fitting and fashionable hat. The style introduced to the notice of the public this season, by those fashionable hatters, Messrs. Rafferty & Leask, of No. 57 Chatham street, and corner of Chatham and Pearl cannot fail to elicit the admiration of those who are desirous of making a respectable appearance. Besides this, each person purchasing a hat at either of the above stores, has a Daguerreotype likeness of himself inserted in his hat, without any additional charge. The beautiful styles of caps for target companies as sold by the above firm, are well worth the attention of our young men.

An Infected District.

We would respectfully call the attention of our police to the "barkers" employed in the clothing stores on the south side of Chatham street, between Duane and Pearl streets. Scarcely a day passes that more or less of our citizens, and strangers visiting the city, are not rudely assaulted or insulted by some of those persons employed in the stores, above mentioned. If a man resents their insults in any way, he is speedily surrounded by a motley crew of "old clo' men," and he is lucky indeed if he escapes with an unbroken head. Let our police keep a watch on these fellows, and when detected in assaulting or insulting the passers by, let them be forthwith arrested, and placed under bonds to keep the peace. If something is not speedily done to remedy the evil above spoken of, we much fear that the authorities will be called upon to suppress a general riot in that quarter; for the people, if not protected by law, will protect themselves. We hope this friendly notice will not go unheeded.

The Rise and Fall of Democracy.

At the great gathering of the hard shell section of the Democracy on Monday evening of last week, in the Park, those who were HIGHEST in the sight of the assembled thousands of the democratic ranks, soon were LEVELLED with the dust when they DESERTED THE PLATFORM of the Democracy. (Much lafture).

Explanation.—To those who cannot readily see into the above capital joke, we would explain as follows:—the hard shells had a meeting in the Park,—a PLATFORM for the speakers was erected—those who were ON that platform, of course were HIGHEST in the SIGHT of the meeting. See? The platform broke down during the evening, and those who were on it DESERTED it, and of course were LEVELLED with the dust. See it now? See how *plain* the joke is? It's rather troublesome to make jokes and then have to explain them, but sometimes it cannot be avoided.

The Fight for Wednesday next.

As chroniclers of public events, especially those of a sporting character, we shall endeavour to obtain full particulars of the battle between Morrissey and Sullivan, should it succeed in taking place. Since the first announcement of the match being made, much anxiety has been manifested by the sporting community to learn how the affair will terminate. A large amount of money is pending the result of the fight, and the excitement is almost as great as that attending the great battle between Hyer and Sullivan in 1849. Look out for the Clipper, and send in your orders from city and country as soon as possible. "Wait for the Clipper."

Tne Crystal Palace.

Fellow citizens, have you heard the news? The poorer classes of the community can visit the Exhibition of the Industry of All Nations, on *Saturdays,* mind you, for 25 cents. The poorer classes owe a great debt of gratitude to the directors of this concern for the sacrifices they have made in making this great reduction for *one* day in each week. Joking aside, however, we hope the working people will not embrace the opportunity of visiting the Exhibition on the cheap days. In this country the poor man stands on the same level with his rich neighbor. We have no separate classes, and do not recognize the right of any man or set of men to place a barrier between the rich and the poor, as this setting apart one day of the week for the poor to visit the Palace is designed to do. If a reduction is made, let it be a reduction for every day, without any conditions imposed upon visitors. Aside from this, however, Saturday is the worst day in the week for our working people to absent themselves from their business. Who wishes to be "among the missing" when "time" is called on "Saturday night," and the "boss" is ready with the "stuff" to "pay off his men?" Not one. It is a period almost sacred to the working man, and he would sooner lose his Saturday night's supper, than to lose the opportunity of exchanging a few words with his boss on the subject of the "finances." No, no. It won't do. Let the price of admission to the Crystal Palace be reduced, but let it be a *general* reduction, where all can participate in its benefits *when* they please. Think of it, and remember that no day in the week is so precious to the working man as "Silver Saturday."

Is it a Lottery?

The above question was formerly used in connection with the Art Union concern, and the Court decided in the affirmative. The same question is once more asked in reference to the contemplated Gift Concert, to come off some time in November, if the requisite number of tickets can be sold at one dollar each. If the Art Union was a lottery, the Gift Concert scheme is nothing better, and our citizens had better have nothing to do with the matter. Those persons who paid $5 for a chance in the Art Union Distribution are precisely $5 out of pocket. Therefore it would be well for them to hold on to their dollars hereafter. "A burnt child dreads the fire."

Pugilism versus Duelling.

Some of the papers have been calling Messrs. Sullivan and Morrissey, the pugilists, rather harsh names because they have matched themselves for a set-to on the 12th inst. Our Congressmen, however, are permitted to send and receive duelling challenges and make all the necessary preparations to stand up and murder each other in cold blood, and yet *they* are *gentlemen.* How much more manly is it to engage as pugilists do, in the noble art of self-defence, where *murder* is never intended, than to meet as duellists meet, to take each other's life, if they can, each being bent on murder, premeditated murder, and that in the face of the whole community. But Congressmen are men of high-toned *courage,* who resort to the crime of *murder* to vindicate their *honor,* while those who resort to the only means given by their maker to vindicate *their* honor, are stigmatized by the terms scoundrels, brutes, &c. This is a part of the consistency of some of our editors, and should be taken for what it is worth, and no more. A pugilist is *not* a murderer. A duellist *is,* and those who sanction duelling are not much better.

For the Philadelphians.

The New-York correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, in his letter in that paper on Monday last gives the following as the average receipts of our theatres, &c.:

Opera, Niblo's, per night	$2,500
Broadway Theatre ,, -	3,000
National Theatre ,, -	3,000
Wallack's Theatre ,, -	2,200
Burton's Theatre ,, -	2,200
Bowery Theatre ,, -	2,000
Barnum's Museum ,, -	1,500
Jullien, Metropolitan Hall	1,500

From the above statement, our Philadelphia friends will naturally conclude that our theatres will hold an extraordinary large number of individuals. The Ledger correspondent, however, labors under a very great error in several of his estimates, as we shall endeavor to show.

The Broadway Theatre is put down at $3,000. This is correct for it is the largest theatre in New York. The National Theatre is placed at $3,000 also. This is a great error, and we are surprised that the usually correct correspondent referred to should perpetrate such a blunder. The National Theatre is in Chatham-street, and was formerly called the Chatham. It is a very small theatre, not so large as the Arch street Theatre, Philadelphia, and as the price of admittance is 25 cents to the boxes, and 12½ cents to the pit, our neighbors can readily judge how much the receipts would amount to, nightly. Allowing the extent, however, $500 is the most that the National Theatre will hold. Quite a difference. Burton's theatre when crowded to its utmost capacity will not hold $1,000 although the price of admission is 50 cents to all parts of the house. Wallack's Theatre, when completely packed will not hold over $800. The Bowery Theatre will not hold over $1,000. Barnum's Museum Saloon for theatrical performances will not contain $500. $1,500 for Jullien at Metropolitan Hall is correct, although the Hall will accommodate full $3,000 at the prices charged by Jullien. The Hippodrome averages nightly about $1,500, no more. What object the correspondent of the Ledger could have in making the above erroneous statement we cannot tell, but that it is a false estimate we know. *Let Philadelphians inquire for themselves.*

Discovery of a Cave.

A friend in the country, living in the village of Wilton, Conn., informs us that he and some others have discovered a large Cave, in which they found some human bones and the frame of a large wolf or dog. This Cave is some fifteen feet square, and has several different rooms, all of which are very large. An old rusty musket was found in one of them, and several other articles. In one corner is a stairway leading down This they did not descend on account of the lateness of the hour. They intend to continue the search next week.

Marcy all right.

The noble answer of Mr. Marcy, our Secretary of State, to the demands of Mr. Hulseman, the Austrian Representative, is all that the citizens of this great and growing Republic can desire. Marcy forever! or at least until some one gets ahead of him.

No. 1 Hook and Ladder Company,

OF WILLIAMSBURGH.

The above named company represented the Fire Department of Williamsburgh, at the Newark Celebration, on the 26th ult. They were handsomely received and entertained by Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, of Newark. Mr. Scott, Foreman of the Williamsburgh Company, presented the Foreman of the Newark Company with a splendid breastpin, made expressly for the occasion. We are always happy to record these interchanges of courtesies among our Firemen.

Taylor Foundry Guard.

This Company passed our office on Tuesday last, on their return from their annual target excursion. They turned out quite strong, and looked well.

A. L. HYATT & CO. IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, Jobbers, and Retailers of Men's Furnishing Goods. No. 156½ Fulton street, New York.

A. L. HYATT,

City Amusements.

The Strangers' Guide.

[Any omissions, alterations, or corrections, in the following list, will be attended to, on the fact being made known at our Office.]

The following list at once points out to strangers and others, the localities of every place of amusement in New-York City, together with the prices of admission, time of opening, and much other useful information, not to be found in any other journal.

Wallack's Theatre.

Broadway, near Broome-Street.
Parquette, Dress and Family Circle.
Parquette and DressCircle 50 cts., Family Circle 25 cts.
Lessee ....Mr. Wallack.
Stage Manager ....Mr. Lester.
Treasurer ....Mr. Charles Wallack.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Performances commence at half-past 7.
The following are the names of the members of the Company:

Mr. Blake,	Mr. Lester,
Mr. Brougham,	Mr. Walcot,
Mr. Lysander Thompson,	Mr. Dyott,
	Mr. F. A. Vincent,
Mr. Reynolds,	Mr. Mr. F. Chippendale,
Mr. H. B. Phillips,	
Mr. Lyster,	Mr. Rea,
Mr. Chandler,	Mr. Bernard,
Mr. Browne,	Mr. Oliver,
Mr. Burke,	Mr. Thomas,
and Mr. Wallack.	
Miss Laura Keene,	Mrs. Brougham,
Mrs. Conway,	Mrs. Cramer,
Mrs. Stevens.	Mrs. Isherwood,
Mrs. Conover,	Mrs. Browne,
Miss Esmond,	Miss Julia Gould,
Mrs. Walcot,	Miss Norval,
Miss Tayleure,	Miss Osborne.
Mrs. Blake.	

Broadway Theatre.

Broadway, between Pearl and Anthony.
E. A. Marshall, Sole Lessee.
Parquette and Three Circles of Boxes.
Prices of Admission:
Parquette and First Tier of boxes....50 cts.
Family and Upper Circles ....25 cts.
Admission for colored person in Third Circle ....25 cts.
Doors open at 7, commence at half-past 7.
Company:

Mr. Barry,	Mr. Davidge,
Mr. Conway,	Mr. Davenport,
Mr. Whiting,	Mr. Lanergan,
Mr. Grosvenor,	Mr. Sanford,
Mr. Matthews,	Mr. Vincent,
Mr. Walters,	Mr. Barnard,
Mr. Wright,	Mr. Henry,
Mr. Cutler,	Mr. Duss,
Mr. McDouall.	
Mrs. Vernon,	Mrs. Henry,
Mrs. Bernard,	Mrs. Abbott,
Miss A. Gougenheim	Miss Portland,
Mrs. Fisk,	Miss J. Gougenheim,
Miss Price.	

Bowery Theatre.

Bowery, Between Bayard and Walker-street.
Pit and Lower Circles of Boxes.
Prices of Admission:
First Second and Third Circles of Boxes, 25 cts.
Pit and Gallery ....12½ cts.
Manager, ...E. D. Stevens,
Treasurer, ...Mr. Waldron,
Assistant Treasurer, ...F. E. Wemyss.
Doors open at 7,—commence at half-past 7.
Company:

Mr E. Eddy,	Mr R. Johnston,
Mr Glenn,	Mr J. Winans,
Mr J. Dunn,	Mr Hamilton,
Mr Stevens,	Mr Collins,
Mr Lamb,	Mr Stone,
Mr Leffingwell.	
Mrs Parker,	Mrs Dunn,
Mrs Monell,	Miss Hiffert,
Miss Somers.	

Burton's Theatre.

Chamber's-Street, opposite the Park.
Manager ....Mr. W. E. Burton.
Parquette, First and Second circle of Boxes.
Admission to all parts of the house 50 cts.
Doors open at 7,—commence at half-past 7.
Company:

Mr Burton,	Mr Holland,
Russell,	T. Johnson,
Jordan,	Barrett,
Norton,	Fisher,
Andrews,	Radcliff,
Levere,	Moore,
Mrs Buckland,	Mrs Hughes,
Burton,	Brunton,
Cooke,	Hough,
Miss Julia Pelby,	Miss Raymond,

National Theatre.

Chatham-Street, between Rosevelt and James.
Manager ....Mr Purdy
Dress Circle and Boxes ....25 cts.
Pit ....12½ cts.
Parquette for colored people ......25 cts.
Doors open at 7½,—commence at 8 o'clock.
Company:

Mr. Prior,	Mr. J. Lingard,
G. L. Fox,	H. Stone,
N. B. Clarke,	Diamond,
Siple,	L. Fox,
Toulmin,	Herbert,
Rose,	Mack,
McDonnell,	Daymond,
Lyons,	Mitchell,
Cline,	Smith,
Master Murray.	
Mrs. G. C. Howard,	Mrs. W. G. Junes,
Bannister,	Bradshaw.
Miss Lingard,	Sanders,
Barber,	Cordelia Howard.

Niblo's Garden.

Broadway and Prince-Streets.
Proprietor ....Mr. Niblo.
Parquette and Two Tiers of Boxes.
Admission to all parts of the house 50 cts
Doors open at 7,—commence at 8 o'clock.
Operatic performances, by the Italian Company of Max Marctzek.
Pantomimes by the Ravel Family.

German Nationl Theatre.

Nos. 17 and 19 Bowery.
F. Kruger and E. Haman Manager and Proprietor.
Doors open at 7,—commence at 8 o'clock.
Admission—Parquette, and First tier, 50 cts.
Parterie ....25 cts.

Hippodrome.

Junction of Broadway and 5th Avenue.
Doors open at 2½ in the afternoon, and 7 o'clock in the Evening.
Performances commence at 2 P. M. and quarter before 8 P. M.
Admission $1; 50 cts.; and 25 cts.
Equestrian Performances.

Washington Circus.

Corner of 39th Street and 6th Avenue.
Moore, Thompson and Mann, Proprietors.
Doors open at 2 in the afternoon and 7 in the evening.
Performances commence at 3 and 7½ P. M.
Admission to all parts of the house 25 cts.
Equestrian and other performances.

Castle Garden.

At the Battery.
Manager ....M. Jullien.
Doors open at 7—commence at 8 o'clock.
Admission—Balcony ....50 cts.
Promenade ....25 cts.
Instrumental and Vocal Concerts.

Wonderful Woman,

Weighing 764 pounds, exhibiting at 410 Broadway.
Admission ....25 cts.

Museum of Egyptian Antiquities,

Stuyvesant Institute, 659 Broadway.
Admission ....25 cts.
Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Gallery of Christian Art,

Paintings by the most celebrated Italian, Spanish, French and Flemish masters, 843 Broadway, near Union Park.
Admission ....25cts.
Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Signor Blitz,

The Wonderful Magician,
And the Learned Canary Birds,
659 Broadway.
Admission ....25cts.

Panorma of Niagara.

Hope Chapel, No. 718 Broadway.
Panorama moves at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Admission, 50 cts; children, 25 cts.

Seven Mile Mirror.

Chinese Assembly Rooms, 539 Broadway.
Tickets of Admission - - - - $1
Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

European Magician,

Saloon of Chinese Buildings.
Admission - - - - - - 25 cts.
Doors open at 7—commence at 8 o'clock.

Banvard's Georama,

Egypt, Petræ, and the Land of Eden.
Admission - - - - - - 25 cts
Doors open at 7—commence at 8 o'clock.

Barnum's Museum,

Broadway and Ann streets.
P. T. Barnum - - - - Proprietor
Exhibition of Curiosities and Theatrical Representations.
Admission 37 1-2 and 25 cts. Open day and evening.

Spiritual Manifestations,

No. 413 Broadway, corner of Lispenard.
Communications from Spirits every afternoon from 3 to 6; evening, from 7 1-2 to 10 o'clock.
Admission - - - - - 25 cts.

Rheinish Belgian Gallery,

No. 663 Broadway.

Battle of New Orleans,

National Painting,
Sixth Avenue, opposite Crystal Palace.
Admission - - - - - - 25 cts.
Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Wood's Minstrels,

No. 444 Broadway.
H. Wood - - Manager and Proprietor.
Admission - - - - - - 25 cts
Doors open at 7—commence at 8 o'clock.
Ethiopian Burlesques.
Company.

Mr. Campbell,	Mr. J A Herman,
S A Wells,	D Bryant,
J Bryant,	T F Briggs,
L Myer,	H M Williams,
C. Grahame	Hernandez.

White's Minstrels.

Melodeon, 53 Bowery.
White & Emmet ....Proprietors.
Admission ....12 1-2 and 6 1-4 cts
Doors open at 7—commence at 8.
Negro Comicalities.

Christy's Minstrels,

No. 472 Broadway, above Grand,
E. P. Christy ....Manager and Proprietor
Admission ....25 cts
Ethiopian Delineations.

Buckley's Minstrels,

Chinese Hall, 539 Broadway.
Buckley ....Proprietor.
R. Bishop Buckley ....Musical Director.
Admission ....25 cts
Doors open at 7—commence at 8 o'clock.
Burlesque Operas.

Lee's Minstrels.

Franklin Museum, 175 Chatham Square.
George Lee ....Proprietor.
Admission .... 50, 37 1-2, 25, 12 1-2 cts
Negro Eccentricities, and Model Artists.

Temple of Graces,

Sixth Avenue, opposite Crystal Palace.
Admission ....25 cts
Performances every hour.
Model Artists.

Anatomical Museum.

No. 300 Broadway.
A variety of curiosities, and wax representations of the different parts of the human form.
Open day and Evening.
Admittance 25 cents.

TREMENDOUS BARGAINS

AT THE CELEBRATED LARGEST AND CHEAPEST CARPET ESTABLISHMENT IN THE UNITED STATES, No. 99 Bowery, New York.

HIRAM ANDERSON.

EIGHT SPACIOUS SALES ROOMS—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Sales Room No. 1.

CONTAINS THE MOST EXTENSIVE, FASHIONABLE, and handsome assortment of Hare's celebrated English and American Floor Oil Cloths, of the newest style, satin finish, marble, Italian, fresco, and scroll paintings, ever offered in this city, from 2s. 6d. to $1 the square yard of 1 to 8 yards wide

Sales Room No. 2.

THERE ARE 250 PIECES OF THE CHOICEST, most beautiful and desirable patterns of English and American Ingrain Carpeting, at unparalleled low prices, from 5s. to 6s. 6d. per yard. Manufactured for our city sales.

Sales Room No. 3.

CONTAINS 300 PIECES OF ENGLISH AND American Imperial Three Ply Carpeting, of magnificent Scroll and Gothic figures, imported and manufactured to order, some of which cannot be found at any other establishment in the United States.

Salis Room No. 4.

CONTAINS 150 PIECES OF FINE INGRAIN CARPETING, of splendid new patterns, at astonishing low prices, 2s., 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 4s. per yard.

Sales Room No. 5.

DISPLAYS A WONDERFUL VARIETY of ENGLISH DRUGGETS, 4 yards wide. Also, 3000 yards of Druggets 1½, 2, and 3 yards wide, at 3s. 3s. 6d., 4s. 5s. 6s. per yard. Also, magnificent Mosaic and Axminster Hearth Rugs, and 100 Tufted Rugs, at 20s.

Sales Room No. 6.

IS FULLY STOCKED WITH EVERY VARIETY of striped and figured STAIR and HALL CARPETING, at 2s., 2s. 6d., 3s. to 6s. per yard. Also, English Tapestry, Brussels and Velvet Stair Carpet at 7s. 8s. 9s. and 10s. per yard.

Sales Room No. 7.

ROYAL VELVET, Axminster, Tapestry, and Brussels Carpeting, imported from the celebrated English Manufactories of John Crossly & Son, and Henderson's, expressly for our city trade. Also, Mosaic carpets of one entire piece, the size 16 feet by 21, and 12 feet 8 inches by 17 feet, worth $350.

Sales Room No. 8.

Are the PATENT TAPESTRY INGRAIN CARPETS, exhibited at the World's Fair, and to be exhibited at the New York Crystal Palace.

Also, Window Shades, at 6s., 8s., 12s., 16s., and 20s. per pair; Table Covers, Plated and Brass Stair Rods, English Sheepskin, Adelaide and Tufted Parlor Door Mats.

Also, White and Checked Matting, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4, and Cocoa Matting. All the above goods will be sold at twenty per cent. less than any other establishment in the United States.

HIRAM ANDERSON.
99 BOWERY.

N. B—Familes and Merchants visiting the great metropolis, will find it much to their advantage to examine this enormous stock. feb 253m

For Sale

THE Stock and Fixtures of an old established *Newspaper* and *Stationery Store* now doing a good business.

For particulars enquire at 379 Hudson street, N. Y.

DAGUERREOTYPE HATS.

RAFFERTY & LEASK

are selling their beautiful Drab, Beaver, and Pearl Felt Hats at their usual low prices of $3 and $4; and in addition giving each Customer his likeness in his hat, free of charge. They are the only Hatters in the U. S. that can do this. RAFFERTY & LEASK, No. 57 Chatham, opposite Chambers, and on the corner of Chatham and Pearl Streets.

The English Ring.

Continued from the First page.

From Bell's Life, Sept. 11.

HAYES AND JONES.—The friends of these men met at Jem Burn's, Rising Sun, Air-street, Piccadilly, on Wednesday night, and after some friendly discussion made the match for £200 a side, and drew articles in a most amicable manner. The fight is to take place on the 15th of November, on the home circuit, and it has been agreed that, as the days will then be very short, the men shall be in the ring between 10 and 11 o'clock, or the men absent shall forfeit the battle money. They are to fight in sparrowbills, to be selected by the referee before the day of the battle. A referee has been appointed, and we are glad to be enabled to state there is every chance of the battle being brought to a satisfactory conclusion. £10 a side have been staked, and the men are to meet at Jones', the Lord Nelson, Earl-street, Kensington, on Tuesday evening, to stake an additional £15 a side, and arrange as to the other deposits. Jones requests us to assure his friends and backers, that whatever they may have heard to the contrary, he really means fighting, and that they will find him on the day as anxious as ever to distin guish himself. He makes this statement, as he has heard that certain *friends* (?) have been hinting behind his back that he does not intend business.

HAZLETINE AND BROWN.—The second deposit of £2 10s a side for this match, was made at George Brown's, Prince Albert, Lower Whitecross-street, on Wednesday last. The next of £2 10s a side is to be made at Dan Dismore's, King's Arms, Smart's-Buildings, Holborn, on Wednesday next. There are now £12 10s a side deposited, and the fight is likely to be brought to an amicable termination.

TYLER AND KEEFE.—£2 a side have been staked for a fresh match between these men, and Mr. Vassar says that he will either draw articles between them at his own house, the Green Dragon, Halfmoon-st. Bishopsgate, on Thursday next, or will meet them at our office to draw and make a further deposit.

MILLER AND TROTT, BIRMINGHAM.—These men met on Monday evening, according to articles, at the Pelican Tavern, Hospital-street, to make a further deposit for their match, which was no sooner done than the police made their appearance in the room and secured Millard. Trott made his escape. On Tuesday, at the public office, Moor-street, Millard was bound over for six months to keep the peace. Under these circumstances there must be a draw.

SAYERS AND NAT LANGHAM.—The sixth deposit of £10 a side, for this exciting match, is to be made at Ben Caunt's, Coach and Horses, St. Martin's Lane, on Tuesday next. Both men are in active training, and as the day approaches, the public begin to look forward to the match with no inconsiderable anxiety.

BOWERS AND TRAINOR.—The sixth deposit of £5 a side, between these men, was made at Jemmy Shaw's, Queen's Head-court, Windmill street, Haymarket, on Tuesday last. The final deposit of £5 a side, is to be made at Mr. Myers's, Old King John, Holywell-lane, Shoreditch, on Tuesday next.

DUGGAN AND BANDOFF.—A further deposit of £2 a side was made between these men at Mr. Miller's, Green Man, Castle-street, Whitechapel, on Thursday night. The final deposit of £2 a side is to be posted on Thursday next, at Mr. Wibrow's, Catherine Wheel, Catherine-square, Bishopsgate.

DONNELLY AND GILL.—A match has been made between Frank Donnelly and Rory Gill of Liverpool, for £20 a side, to come off on the 8th of November, within 40 miles of Liverpool. £2 a side are down, and the next deposit of a like amount is to be made at Mr. Foote's, Houghton-street, Williamson-square, on Tuesday next.

MACE AND SLACK.—These men have not yet come to any agreement. Mace wishes the fight to come off the very day his bail expires; but we think that, as Slack has been put to a great deal of inconvenience, Mace must permit him to fix a day, and also give him the $5 promised to pay his expenses.

TESTIMONIAL TO JOHNNY BROOME.—The friends of Johnny Broome in London and Birmingham having determined to present him with a testimonial to compensate in some measure for the trouble and expense to which he was put through the prosecution instituted against him in connection with the Brighton card cheating case, have formed committees in London and Birmingham, and on Thursday night a meeting took place at Harry Broome's, Crown, Cranbourne-passage, when it was announced that the subscriptions amounted to £127 17s 6d. The following is a list of subscribers: A. W., £50; Mr. C., Birmingham, £50; Mr. H., £5 5s; Mr. M., £5 5s; C. A., £1 1s; Johnny Walker, £1 1s; A Friend, £2 2s; Mr. Adamson, £1 1s; Mr. Roach, £1 1s; Messrs. M'Laren and Son, £1 1s; C. and S., £1 1s; V. and S., £1 1s; Mr. Humphries, 10s 6d; Mr. Elphinstone, 10s 6d; Mr. Thorne, 10s 6d; Three Friends, £5 5s; S. R., £1 1s. This sum it is intended to place in our hands, together with such sums as may hereafter be received previous to the closing of the lists.

W. ROBINSON of Liverpool, in reply to Patrick Burns's challenge, says that he cannot fight at catch weight, as Burns must know that he is at least a stone heavier than Robinson; but Robinson will make three matches with him, viz, to walk seven or ten miles, to fight him at catch weight, and run him from a quarter of a mile to one mile, for £25 a side, the winner of any two of the above matches to claim the money, or he will make each match separate, for £10 a side.

THE CHAMPIONSHIP.—Perry (the Tipton Slasher), who now claims the title of Champion of England, is still open to fight any man in the world, for £200 a side. He is always to be heard of at Mr. Champion's, Sun Tavern, 78 Gray's Inn-lane; or a deposit forwarded to our office will be covered.

BARRY will fight Johnny Allen, and stake £100 to £50, at his own weight, or he will fight him £50 to £25. Money ready at Jemmy Welsh's, George, East Harding-street, Farringdon-market. If Allen does not accept this, Barry requests that he will cease from challenging him.

MR. TAYLOR, of the Rose and Shamrock, High-street, Shadwell, has a novice whom he will back against any other novice in London, at 7st 10lb or 7st 12lb, for £5 or £10; or against Tom Tyler, Bos Tyler's brother, at 8st, if he will stake £12 to £10. To fight one month after the first deposit.

PATSY DALEY having received forfeit from Dick Ellis, will fight George Baker, catch weight, for £25 a side. Money ready at Mr. Wallace's, the Blue Anchor, Bunhill-row, on Wednesday evening next.

CAUNT'S YOUNG BIG-UN will fight Blazer Howe of Bungay, at catch weight, for £25 a side, half way between home and home. A match can be made by sending £5 and articles to our office.

Pedestrianism.

The Belt.

John Levett once more wishes to know whether Jackson will run him for the 10 miles championship, according to the conditions he holds the belt. Levett says he does not want the belt, for if he wins Jackson can still keep it. If this does not suit him, Levett will accept the challenge of J. Pudney to run six miles, or any other distance up to 20 miles, for £50 or £100 a side, and will pay expenses to run at Sheffield, as there is nothing but fair play there and the best man can win, which sometimes is not the case where the ground is not enclosed. Levett is surprised that Mr. Clarke should challenge any man in the world with his Indian friend, and then take no notice of a response; but as Levett considers no Indian has a shadow of a chance with an Englishman on his merits, he will give him 100 yards start in 10 miles for £10 a side in any enclosed ground he thinks proper to name. An answer to any of these through *Bell's Life* will be attended to.—*Bell's Life, Sept.* 11.

Flora Grounds, Bayswater.

On Monday G. Frost (the Suffolk Stag) took his benefit, and there was a good muster. The first affair on the list was a four mile walking match. Allen and Spider at scratch, Wells 30 yards start, and Whitehouse 40 yards, started. The two latter kept the lead for the first mile and a half, when Spider and Allen began to settle to their work, each alternately leading until three miles had been covered, when the spider retired, Whitehouse having previously given up, and Allen was the winner. A race of 500 yards was won by G. Seward beating G. Martin, W. Newman, and B. Badger. The five mile race was won by Jackson beating Pudney at scratch, Stratford, Badger, Dixon, Hobday, and Cook one lap start each. Buxton and Sewell walked four miles for £5 a side. Before half a lap had been gone over, Sewell took the lead and kept it throughout, winning by one lap, viz, 240 yards. C. Westhall was on the ground, but did not run in consequence of having been severely trained in the morning. To-morrow (Monday) matches will take place for various prizes, viz. a five miles walking match, a 120 yards race in heats, a 500 yards race, and a mile race by novices: several have entered for each race. A quoit match will be played at six o'clock, for £3 a side.—*Bell's Life Sept.* 11.

Americans' Benefit.

G. Seward (the American) and Jackson (the American Deer) take a joint benefit at these grounds on Monday, the 19th, when there will be a hurdle race of 500 yards, and leap 10 hurdles: a 500 yards flat race, a mile race, and a five mile race. Prizes for high leaping will be given. All the best men have promised to attend.

Exposures in Racing.

From Bell's Life Sept. 18.

Mr. Editor: I take the liberty of writing these few lines to ask you if you think I have done right or wrong by going away with the stakes on Monday as I did when I tell you how Mr. Chandler has served me in every race he has got up. When I walked Jones on the 14th of last March I got as much money as I could from Pimlico, and on the ground my friends were laying two to one on me. Mr. Chandler came to me up in the room and said he could make a good thing of it if I would lose the race to Jones, and he would give me my stake of £20 back, and share of the bets. I did as he asked me, and got served out very nicely, for after it was over I never got a shilling, and lost my friends through him, and when I asked him for my stakes he said that Jones had stuck to them. Then he gets up another * * * with spooner, which I was obliged to be in, as I was in his hands without a penny, for me to have a minute and a half start in seven miles. When he put down £45 out of £50. I could have won that race had he not promised that I should have about £50, and all that I got was £2, when there was about £150 to share between me, Chandler, Smith and Spooner. Then there is this latter race with me and Jones, one of the most nefarious transactions ever committed, which was concocted by Chandler. He pretended it was meant for me to win, when, at the same time, he had got his money out at 6 to 4 on Jones. Jones and Chandler came up to the Archway Tavern on the Sunday previous to our match (which came off on Monday), when we went into a brick field, and then the plan was laid that, in case Jones won the race, Mr. Herbert (one of Mr. Chandler's pals), should draw the stakes. So he came and signed a paper to that effect; while Mr. Chandler signed a stamped paper to give Jones £25 for value received, in case I won the race; and that was the cause of him coming up for the stakes to be handed to him. Jones kept the stakes; Spooner kept the stakes; and why should I not do so, for I've beat Jones on his merits. But I mean to give my friends at Pimlico their money back, so they will not be the losers; but the few pounds of Mr. Chandler's I shall keep. What agreement Jones and Chandler have made I know nothing about. I am very sorry that ever I knew Mr. Chandler; so are a good many more. He thinks he is very illtreated. He came over to Pimlico last night, and said that I robbed his house, and that he would get me lagged if it cost him £50. But for that I dont care a fig; only it seems funny that he could not find that out before we drew the stakes. This may turn out like Inwood and Neil's affair; which I know more about than Chandler would like me to tell. I ask you, as a gentleman, which I have always found you, if I have done right or wrong in this affair. If Mr. Chandler had not been spiteful to me I should not be so to him. Yours, &c, C. Durham.

Mr. Editor: You will much oblige me by inserting a few remarks on the late race between Inwood and myself, as I think if the public are made aware of a few plain facts on the subject they will see who are to blame. In the first place, I was asked by Mr. Chandler if I would run if he backed me. I said I would. I thought the race was to be on our merits, but on the morning I was told by Mr. C. that he had made it all right with Inwood, which I of course expected, but was much disappointed when I found that the *double* was put on. After the race was over, Mr. C. said something must be done to save the money, and accordingly we met at your office, and nothing was said of implicating the backers of Inwood or me until you Mr. Editor, said you should give the money to Inwood, unless Mr. C. and Co. could implicate us, when Mr. C. jumped at this as a drowning man would at a straw, and said he could do so. After we left your office he said I must make a kind of confession to the effect that I had not tried to win, and that a meeting had been held between me and the backers of Inwood; in fact, he said he had a man or two would *swear anything*, and I must do the same; but I of course refused, and told him he must get his money back without my assistance. I am surprised at Mr. C. stating that he has nothing to do with the indictment, when he well knows indirectly he has everything to do with it, for Peevor, the oyster-stall keeper, who bet about £14 on the race, and prefers the indictment, put the money on for Chandler; in fact, he told me (Chandler) had £50 on the race in bets; and as Mr. Cheese holds only £126, it looks very much like Mr. Chandler having great share in it.—Yours, &c., W. Neil.

Levett v. A Pony.

On Monday last upwards of two thousand apectators assembled on the Hyde Park Grounds, Sheffield, to witness the race between John Levett and Mr. Goodhall's pony "Black Taffie," 14½ hands high, Levett running four miles against the pony going six miles. The biped was the fovourite at 6 to 4, with few takers. About half-past five o'clock both came to the scratch, but dispite the use of whip and spur they could not get Taffie off for more than an hour. At length, a start being made, Levett took the lead, but Taffie soon passed him, but only kept the advantage for a short distance, when the pony stopped suddenly short, and over his head went the jockey, to the amusement of the spectators. The same dose was repeated several times until nearly two miles had gone over, when the pony "bolted," and could not be brought back to the place, and Levett thus won easily.

Bell's Life, Sept. 18.

Three Days' Rifle Shooting.

A Correspondent of the Spirit says;

Perhaps it may not be without some little interest to your readers to have a brief account of a sport, not of itself novel to us, but in this instance conducted in a manner never before, I think, witnessed in this country. If you think such to be worth printing, you have here an account of the first festival of the "Helvetia Rifle Club," which took place on the 15th, 16th, and 17th of August last. The spot selected was at West Hoboken, at the foot of the Newark Meadows, and on every side encircled by woods. The Club had erected, for a stand, a building measuring, say fifty feet long by fifteen feet high, having seven windows fronting the bulkhead (for the targets) situated north of and one hundred and eighty yards from the stand, the bulkhead presenting a wall of fifteen feet high by fifty-five feet long. Immediately in front of the bulkead is a ditch eight feet deep, in which are stationed the markers, out of the reach as well as out of the view of the shooters. There are seven markers, corresponding to the number of the targets, each marker confining his attention to his own target.

The targets are made of canvass, glued on a square frame, about four feet by four, duplicated and made to move up and down in grooves like the two sashes of a windows, thus allowing the marksman to shoot at the one in view while the marker is refitting the other. Thus not time is lost, a fresh target being at all times presented to the shooter. Each target is white, with a round black spot in the centre eight inches in diameter, in the middle of which, centre to centre, is placed the bullseye, a pasteboard three and an half inches in diameter, perfectly round and black.

The targets are distinguished by the letters A, B, &c., each having its appropriate letter of large size painted above it. At suitable distances between the stand and the bulkhead are ereated posts with projecting boards, so arranged as to prevent any shooter from seeing more than one target at a time, and thus forming for each target a perfect and distinct gallery. To make known to the marker that his target has been fired at, a bell is attached to each target, which, as soon as a shot is fired, is rung by the shooting attendant, a boy for that purpose stationed at the side of the marksman—and the marker immediately shows, in the usual way, where the ball struck. Whenever the bullseye is hit, the marker makes it known by waving a flag, and immediately removes from the target (to be replaced by another) the bullseye, and after numbering it, places it in a sealed box, and displays in large cyphers, so as to be distinctly seen from the stand, the number so marked, and this number must correspond with the register kept at the stand by the book-keeper—a separate account being by him kept of each target. Every shooter who makes a bullseye immediately receives from the book-keeper a ticket exhibiting the number of the bullseye, the letter of the target, and his own name.

The above arrangement is necessary to avoid confusion and prevent mistakes. Every evening, at the close of the shooting, these sealed boxes are opened by a committee for that purpose appointed, and each shot (in a bullseye) is measured by means of an instrument so constructed as to ascertain the exact centre of each perforation, and its distance from the centre of the bullseye, even to the 80th part of an inch.

No note, you observe, is taken of any shot which does not hit the 3½ inch bullseye.

The shooting is off-hand, no rest shooting being allowed.

As to the six targets, A B C D E F, each marksman, before beginning to shoot, procures from the Secretary a number of checks, at the rate of sixteen for a dollar, one of which is handed to the attendant for every shot fired.

The prizes for these six targets amounted to $400—the number of shots fired at them were 13,728, of which 516 were in the bullseye of 3½ inches diameter.

Mr. W. Reynold, of New York, took the first prize for the shot nearest to the centre of bullseye, and Mr. Schmidt, of Philadelphia, took the second prize for the next nearest.

Mr. E. Dubois, of West Hoboken, took the first prize for the greatest number of bullseyes, he having made 93, and Mr. E. Bertchy, of New York, the second prize for the next greatest number of bullseyes, he having made 67.

There was also the target of honor marked H, and denominated "Helvetia." For this there were awarded prizes to the amount of $400 dollars, whereof $200 were presented by friends of the Club. Those who chose to fire at this target paid $5 dollars for five shots. The number of shots fired at this target, H, was 275, of which 73 struck the bullseye, the bullseye of this target being ten inches diameter. Of the prizes won at this target Mr. F. L. Mathey, of New-York, took the first for the best single shot, and Mr. J. Watts of New-york, the first prize for the best five string.

The object of the Club seemed to be rather to encourage a general emulation among all shooters than to reward "crack" marksmen.

Rifle shooting, as you are aware, is a national sport in Switzerland, and this is the first effort of her sons domiciled among us to celebrate their national festival.

For those members who were not disposed to practice with the rifle, the Club had built a nine-pin alley. The balls, however, as well as the rules of the game, differ materially from those introduced among us. Over this department presided Mr. L. Mathey, of New Jersey, whose excellent manage ment made it quite as attractive as the shooting galleries.

The two buildings erected for these sports, as well as the tents prepared for the reception of the guests, were tastefully adorned with numberless festoons and flowers, and other appropriate ornaments intertwined with and setting off the numerous beautiful prizes that glittered on every side, as they swung to and fro in the breeze. Conspicuous among these, were seen the arms of Switzerland and the United States united, and, floating over all, the national flags of the only two republics on the face of the earth. The effect of the *tout ensemble* was pleasing in the extreme. For this, no doubt, the Club were indebted to the good taste and exquisite skill of the ladies.

On the morning of the 15th the shooting was opened at 7 o'clock, by the firing of a six-pounder—managed by Capt. Castle and Lieutenant French on this occasion, as during the three days, most promptly and artistically.

At 9 o'clock the Swiss Rifles, a military company under the command of Capt. C. H. Roberts, made their appearance, preceded by their band, and were greeted with a salvo of 22 guns, that being the number of the Cantons or States of the Swiss Republic. The company was then welcomed as guests of the day by Mr. E. Matile, the President, and their beautiful Swiss standard raised to crown the main arch, which female taste and skill had already made so exccedingly beautiful.

Soon after a deputation of rifle-shooters from Newark were welcomed by a salute of five guns. At 12 o'clock the firing of the six-pounder announced that the firing was to be suspended, and the dinner to be commenced. At the hour of one the shooting was re-opened by the firing of the cannon, and again closed in the evening at half-past seven.

On the second and third day, the shooting was in the like manner opened, suspended, and closed by the firing of cannon.

At 7 o'clock A. M. of the second day, was fired a salute of 13 guns, such being the number of the cantons that originally constituted the Swiss Republic, as well as of the States that originally constituted our own Republic.

On the morning of the third day 22 guns were fired in honor of Switzerland, and at the closing of the festival 31 guns in honor of the United States.

During the three days Adkin's excellent band enlivened the sports and festivities by well selected and well executed airs.

At six o'clock the shooting was closed, and at half-past two the prizes were delivered to the successful competitors. These days of rifle-shooting passed without accident or sign of dissatisfaction.

Yachting.

THE BIRKENHEAD MODEL YACHT CLUB.

The third race of the season for first-class boats, in connection with this club, took place on Saturday the 10th inst.—The contest was for the Challenge Cup, value £50, and a number of excellent boats were entered. The members of the club, including Mr. Hamilton Laird, the Commodore, and a large party of their friends, assembled on board the Rock Ferry steamer Sylph, which had been engaged to accompany the yachts. They left the landing stage about half-past one. Stubb's band was stationed on deck, and, at intervals during the afternoon, performed a variety of popular airs. Refreshments were provided by Mr. Hillier, of the Monk's Ferry Hotel. The starting place was from a flag-boat opposite Monk's Ferry, the course being as follows:—From Monk's Ferry round a flag-boat stationed off Eastham, thence round a flag-boat stationed off the Dingle, back round the Eastham flag-boat, thence back round the Dingle flag-boat, returning direct to Monk's Ferry, passing between the shore and flag-boat moored off the club house, leaving the last-mentioned flag-boat on starboard hand: all other marks and flag-boats to be left on the port hand. The allowance for size was one minute per ton. The fineness of the day gave additional interest to the proceedings, and the margin of the river opposite Birkenhead and Monk's Ferry, was lined with spectators, anxiously watching the contest, as it progressed, until its final termination. The cup was placed for inspection in the cabin of the Rock Ferry boat. It is of elegant design, and appropriately chased and ornamented. On the upper part is represented a figure of Neptune standing on a rock, which forms the pedestal; below are three figures of seamen, holding in the right hand an olive leaf, and between these figures are the sides of the pedestal, which is of triangular form. On one of the sides is engraved the arms of the club, on the second, "Challenge Cup," and the third is left blank, to be filled up with the name of the winning boat. The boats entered were as follows:—

YACHT'S NAME.	TON.	RIG.	OWNERS NAME
PRESTO	7½	Sloop	Mr. A. Bower
TORMENT	3½	Sloop	Mr. E. C. Hicks
KELPIE	3½	Sloop	A. Sparrow
EDITH	5	Cutter	C. H. Byrne, jun.
TRUANT	3½	Sloop	R. M. Grinnell
SIROCCO	6	Cutter	A. Dunn
GIRAFFE	5½	Cutter	J. Miller, jun.
SPIRIT	4	Sloop	T. Wilkinson
WARLOCK	4	Sloop	Commodore

Two of the boats, the Edith and Torment, in which great interest was felt, as they were untried, did not run. The Edith did not arrive, and the Torment met with an accident which rendered her unable to compete. It appeared that she was only launched that morning, from the building yard of Mr. E. Hicks, Birkenhead; but her owner, actuated by a desire to test her capabilities, fitted her with borrowed sails, her own not being ready, and prepared to place her on the station. Unfortunately, a short time before the hour for starting, she was upset in a squall off the Monk's Ferry slip, her crew being picked up by one of the river steamers. The number of boats that started in the race was therefore only seven, all of which appeared in good trim. There was a moderate breeze blowing from the S. S. East.

At half-past two the signal gun was fired and the boats started, the Truant, the Presto, and the Spirit shortly afterwards taking the lead. The boats, owing to the state of the wind, tacked across the river towards the Dingle, and on reaching this point the Truant had gained considerably upon the rest of the fleet. Before reaching the flag boat at Eastham some changes took place with regard to the position of several of the boats, and a great amount of nautical skill was put into requisition by the commanders in availing themseves of the advantages of wind and tide. The boats rounded the flag-ship at Eastham in the following order:

	H	M	S
Truant - - - -	3	2	0
Presto - - - -	3	3	0
Siroco - - - -	3	6	0
Spirit - - - -	3	6	15
Warlock - - - -	3	7	30
Giraffe - - - -	3	10	0

At this time there was a lull in the wind, which to some extent changed the fortune of several of the boats. After rounding the flag-boat the Spirit took a position third in the race, and acquitted herself most creditably. It seemed to be the general opinion that the Spirit labored under a disadvantage from being too heavily ballasted. From Eastham the contest was entirely between the Truant and the Presto, and on reaching the flag-boat at the Dingle the latter got several minutes ahead. The boats rounded in the following order:

	H	M	S
Presto - - - -	3	40	0
Truant - - - -	3	44	15
Spirit - - - -	3	47	30
Sirocco - - - -	3	48	0
Warlock - - - -	3	51	0
Giraffe - - - -	3	52	0

The Kelpie, which fouled in rounding Eastham flag-boat, was not timed; subsequently, however, she recovered herself to some extent, and passed several of the other boats On rounding the Eastham flag-boat a second time, the boats stood as follows:

	H	M	S
Presto - - - -	4	7	30
Truant - - - -	4	14	0

The whole of the interest being now centered upon the two leading yachts, the Presto and the Truant, the others were not timed. The Presto continued to gain a little upon the Truant, and after rounding the station at the Dingle, both boats made nearly a direct course towards Monk's Ferry, reaching the station in the following order:

	H	M	S
Presto - - - -	4	55	0
Truant - - - -	5	6	22

Immediately afterwards Mr. Bowyer, the owner of the Presto, came on board the steamer to receive the prize, and was loudly cheered. Mr. Laird, the Commodore, in presenting the cup, congratulated Mr. Bowyer on his success and the seamanlike manner in which his yacht had been sailed. It had been said that they would get plenty of entries for their races so long as handsome prizes were offered, but it must be borne in mind that the challenge cup could not be in reality won until the same owner had been successful in two races. It was not, therefore, the attraction of the prize, but the honor of winning that had induced the entries on this occasion. That was a proof that the right feeling animated the members of the club, and he trusted the same emulation would be evinced next year; and if Mr. Bowyer found boats coming out likely to beat the Presto, he would be induced to have an improved yacht, and endeavor to keep the cup in his own hands [cheers]. He expressed himself gratified with the prospects of the club, for though it had been established only a year he believed the boats running that day for their cup were not to be equalled for their size in the kingdom; and he was convinced, therefore, that the Birkenhead Model Yacht Club had been of service in tending to improve the small yachts sailing on the Mersey.

Mr. Bowyer, in reply, concurred in what had been said by the Commodore as in the arrangements of the day and the efficient manner in which the boats had been managed, and added that the next year he would try his best to win again with the Presto, and if beaten he would try something else [cheers].

At the request of Mr. Bowyer, the ladies drank "Success to the Presto" in champagne, after which the steamer proceeded to Monk's Ferry, and landed a portion of the company. She afterwards crossed over to the landing-stage, where the remainder of the party went on shore.—*Bell's Life, Sept.* 18.

MR. EDITOR: I have to apologise for trespassing on your space, but the subject I wish to bring before your notice is one of too much importance to all parties concerned in the race of the Birkenhead Model Yacht Club on Saturday last to be allowed to rest without explanation. The Truant, belonging to Mr. Grinnell was entered for the race, and came in second. Immediately on her arrival the members sailing her handed in a protest against the first boat in, the Presto receiving the prize, on the ground of her being over the tonnage mentioned in the card. The commander received it, read it, and returned it to the party who presented it. Now let me explain why the protest was given in, and from her own rules, which lie before me as I write, point out to the Commodore of the club in question how he erred. The Presto belongs to the Royal Mersey Club, in which she rates as eight tons, the length being taken on deck; therefore, I would ask was it not a fair inference to draw that she should measure the same at least in the Birkenhead Club, the length being taken on the water line, which in this yacht is longer if anything than the deck line, there being a slight rake of sternpost *outward?* Was not this, then, to a stranger sufficient ground for protest? particularly when it was known that the Presto had in every previous match of this club sailed as *eight tons*, and I believe she has never been shortened. Now then for the Commodore. The club rule on the subject of a protest reads thus:—That a protest against a yacht receiving the cup or prize may be entered previous to her starting, or after her coming in,' &c. Then, again, in another rule it says, should a protest be entered, "and evidence tendered in support thereof, *it shall be referred to the Sailing Committee*, whose decision shall be final.' I have now stated the facts of the case, and shall anxiously look for the opinion of some officer of a southern club on the subject. Before closing, however, I should add that the cup was presented *before the second boat reached the steamer*, though only *ten minutes* behind the winner.—Yours, &c. An Old YACHTMAN, 13 Sept., 1853.

State of New York.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Albany, August 18, 1853

TO THE SHERIFF OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK Sir:—Notice is hereby given that at the General Election to be held in the State on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A Secretary of State in the place of Henry S. Randall.

A Comptroller in the place of John C. Wright.

An attorney General in the place of Levi S. Chatfield.

A State Engineer and Surveyor, in the place of William J McAlpine.

A State Treasurer, in the place of Benjamin Welch, Junior.

A Canal Commissioner in the place of John C. Mather.

A State Prison Inspector, in the place of William P. Angel.

Two Judges of the Court of Appeals—one in the place of Charles H. Ruggles, and one in the place of Hiram Denia, appointed to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Freeborn G. Jewitt.

A Clerk of the Court of Appeals in the place o Charles S. Benton.

All whose terms of service will expire on the last day of December next, except that of Freeborn G. Jewitt, which will expire on the last day of December, 1857.

Also a Justice of the Supreme Court for the first Judicial District, in the place of John W. Edmonds, whose term of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Also four Senators for the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Senate Districts, in the place of William McMurray, Obadiah Newcombe, James W. Beekman, and Edwin D. Morgan, whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

COUNTY OFFICERS ALSO TO BE ELECTED FOR SAID COUNTY.

Sixteen Members of Assembly.

Two Justices of the Superior Court in the place of John Duer, and Robert Emmett.

A Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, in the place of Charles P. Daly.

A District Attorney in the place of N. Bowditch Blunt.

Two Governors of the Alms-House, in the place of Richard S. Williams and Isaac Townsend.

All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Yours respectfully,
HENRY S. RANDALL,
Secretary of State.

The above is published pursuant to the notice of the Secretary of State, and the requirements of the Statute in such case made and provided.

JOHN ORSER,
Sheriff of the City and County of New York.

All the public newspapers in the County will publish the above once in each week until the Election, and then hand in their bills for advertising the same, so that they may be laid before the Board of Supervisors, and passed for payment.

See Revised Statutes, vol. i. chap. 9, title 3, part 1st, page 146.

MEDICAL DISPENSARY,

Established in 1832, by Dr. George W. Bond, in Orchard street, New York,

For the Cure of Venereal Disease in all its forms.

If you are unfortunate, and want to be cured and left in sound health, come to me; I am saving hundreds monthly. My father's reputation and my wonderful success will satisfy any person there is no humbug about this. Those that doubt, let them come and see for themselves, and if I don't do all I say I can, I will make them a present of $25 to go where they think they can do better. I use nothing that is injurious to the system; but use medicines that will strengthen a person, and leave them in sound health in the shortest possible time.

My Vegetable Strengthening Bitters is a speedy and permanent cure for all weakness of the organs of generation, and for that terrible affliction, Nocturnal Seminal Emissions. It has not, in a single instance, failed to effect a radical cure where it has been tried. Office arranged so that persons never meet going in or out. I have private rooms for each person. Medicines carefully put up and sent to all parts of the United States, with advice and full directions.

GEORGE R. BOND, M.D.,
Successor to Dr. George W. Bond.

Office corner of Orchard and Grand sts., New York. Entrance No. 65 Orchard street.

Office hours from 10 till 12 A. M., and from 7 till 10 o'clock P. M.

☞ Price of Vegetable Strengthening Bitters $1 per bottle.

FALSTAFF TAVERN,
BY IZZY LAZARUS.
No. 4 James Street,
Two doors from Chatham St., NEW YORK.

Private Lessons given in the Art of Self-Defence at any hour of the day.

"LIVE AND LET LIVE"
OYSTER AND DINING SALOON,
214 BROADWAY,
Opposite St. Paul's Church, New York.
JAMES A. WALNUT, } Proprietors.
WM. H RADFORD, }

PETERSON & HUMPHREY, IMPORters and Dealers in Carpeting, Oil Cloths Window Shades, Druggets, Table and Piano Covers, &c. No. 379 Broadway, cor. of White street, New York.

G. F. PETERSON,
G. S. HUMPHREY.

To Sportmen, Californians and others

Alfred Woodham,

NO. 160 FULTON STREET,
one door West of Broadway,
Opposite "ST. PAUL'S" Church.

Importer and Dealer in Guns, Pistols and Cutlery, is constantly receiving from Manufacturers a full assortment of the above articles, as well as all articles in the Sporting line, viz. Dram Bottles, Shot Pouches, Percussion Caps, Gun Wadding, &c. &c. "Colt's" Patent Pistols, Fishing Tackle, &c.

Sole Agent for "Klein's Patent Primers and Cartridges for Patent Needle Gun.

"Porter's Patent Revolving and Repeating Rifles.

All of which are offered at very low prices The public are invited to call and see for themselves.

MEXICAN
Mustang Liniment.

This article has been thoroughly introduced, and is now universally used, throughout the entire Union, British Provinces, Canada, Bermudas, and West India Islands, and its power and influence is fast becoming felt, wherever civilization has obtained a foothold. Its mild and soothing influence upon diseased parts—effectually CURING in all cases—virtues so diametrically opposed to all other medicines of the kind used—has obtained for it its world-wide reputation.

RHEUMATISM.

of years standing has been totally eradicated from the system, giving the limbs all their pristine vigor and activity. Its power to conquer this dreadful affliction alone makes it invaluable; but there are many other diseases considered equally incurable, and almost as distressing, that are entirely dispelled under the magical influence of the

MUSTANG LINIMENT.

An experience of five years enables us to assert with confidence that it will cure

PILES,
ULCERS,
TUMORS, OF ALL
KINDS OLD RUNNING
SORES, SCROFULOUS DISEASES, STIFFNESS OF JOINTS
AND MUSCLES, FELONS, SWELLINGS,
AND INFLAMMATIONS.
NEURALGIA, TOOTH-ACHE.
EAR-ACHE, GOUT, CORNS,
SPAVIN, RING-BONE, FISTULA,
CHAFES, GALLS, SCRATCHES,
POLL EVIL, SWENEY,

and in fact any disease of

MAN OR BEAST,

that can be touched with an EXTERNAL APPLICATION.

As a healing and soothing balm for Burns, Cuts and Bruises, which so frequently result from the accidents of every-day life, it has no equal.

A PRUDENT HOUSEWIFE

will always keep a bottle in the cupboard, ready for any emergency.

A CALCULBTING FARMER

would as soon think of working his farm without horses, as to working his horses without the MUSTANG LINIMENT.

LIVERY STABLE KEEPERS,

Who are acknowledged to be the best judges o, horse flesh in the world, and who are the most careful in preserving the beauty, health, and vigor of the noble animal have used the Mustang thoroughly, and pronounced it to be the best and only reliable remedy that can be applied.

It is put in three different size bottles and retailed as follows:—

Small size	25	cents per bottle.
Medium "	50	" "
Large "	$1 00	" "

The MEDIUM contains three times as much as the SMALL size, and the DOLLAR nearly three times as much as the Medium size; so there is a gain of fifty per cent. in buying the larger sizes

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

Every store should be supplied with this valuable LINIMENT, as it pays a good profit, and sells rapidly.

A. G. BRAGG & CO., Proprietors,
304 Broadway, New York, and cor.
3d and Market-sts., St. Louis, Mo.

Sold by all dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and teritories not yet annexed.

THE ORIGINAL NEWSPAPER DEPOT.

S. HALLOCK,

No 150 Fulton Street,

General Agent for supplying all the Daily and Weekly Newspapers, Cheap Books, Magazines, &c. &c.

Dealers will find it much to their advantage to patronise the oldest establishment in the United States. By so doing they can have all their Books, Magazines and Newspapers packed carefully in one package, thus avoiding the additional expense of many bundles. Arrangements have been made with the various Publishers, Steamboat, and Railroad Companies, for the earliest transmissino of Newspapers, &c., superior to any other house.

NEW SALOONS AND BAR ROOMS.

Wishing something nice in the way of *Pictures, Looking Glasses, &c.,* can be supplied at the very lowest prices for cash, by calling on

ROGERS, 150 FULTON STREET,
near Broadway,

where they will find a good assortment of every style both antique and modern.

Ross & Jones,

NO. 21 ANN STREET,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SUPPLYING the city and country with Daily and Weekly News-papers, Cheap Books and Magazines, take great pleasure in giving notice that they have now completed their arrangements with the Publishers for filling the orders of their customers at least one day in advance of any other house in the city.

All the Morning papers are sent by the early train on the morning of their publication, and by this arrangment with the numerous Rail Road and Steamboat lines, we are enabled to pack cheap publications &c., in the same bundle, so that our patrons not only secure their orders in advance, but at the same time save the expense of freight on the extra packages of Books and Magazines.

Now all of you Country Dealers who are bothered almost to death by lateness and irregularity of your bundles, send on the cash and give the WORKING FIRM a trial, and you will have no cause in future to complain. "Care and speed" is our motto.

WASHINGTON CIRCUS—Corner of 6th avenue and 39th street.

MANN, MOORE & THOMPSON, Proprietors.
Colonel ALVAH MANN, Manager.

The new Spectacle of THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE will be performed EVERY AFTERNOON and EVENING this week, in which, beside the whole of the large company now engaged, a large number of auxiliary artists will appear, beside the splendid Stud of Horses and collection of Leopards, Elephants, Ostriches, Monkeys, Ponies, and other rare beasts and birds.

Madame TOURNAIRE will go through her beautiful performance at each entertainment.

Afternoon—Doors open at 2 o'clock; performance to commence at 3.

Evening—Doors open at 7; performance to commence at 8.

BOWERY LITERARY EMPORIUM.—That old established stand, the "BOWERY NEWS HUT," (177 Bowery, near Delancey.) still continues to supply all the Sunday, Weekly and Daily papers, as soon as published; also, the Magazines and Cheap Publications, soon as out; together with a general assortment of Blank Books and Stationery. Harpers' will not be sold at cost, (in imitation of several "busy B's" about town,) but at the sufficiently low price of 18 3-4 cents. Plays of the Standard and Minor Dramas constantly on hand.

Just Published,

A new edition of the interesting and amusing game of

THE SOCIABLE SNAKE,

and for sale, wholesale and retail, at R. P. ELLIOT's News Depot, 52 Division St.

SULLIVAN HOUSE, No 82 Chatham street The best of Ales, Wines, Liquors, &c. always on hand.

JAMES SULLIVAN, Proprietor.

NEW YORK CLIPPER.

PRINTED FOR THE PROPRIETOR, AT

ANDREWS'

CHEAP STEAM PRINTING OFFICE,
No. 150 FULTON STREET, (UP STAIRS.)

☞ Newspapers, Books, Pamphlets, Cards, Circulars, and job work generally, executed 15 per cent. cheaper than at any other establishment in the metropolis.

LOVERS OF GOOD SEGARS, BRANdies, Wines and other luxuries, are informed that they will be satisfied by calling at FRANCIS J. KRUGLER'S, No. 107 Nassau street The best segars in the city; also, the best of Brandies, Wines, Cordials, &c., will be found there. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call, as no pains will be spared to gratify those who will favor him with a call. Remember the number, 107 Nassau street.

R R R REMEDIES

To THE PUBLIC.

Radway & Co., the Inventors, Manufactu[rers] and Proprietors of the justly celebrated R. R. Remedies, were first to discover a Remedy [pos]sessing the Marvelous and Miraculous Power [of] stopping the most Excruciating Pains in an [in]stant, allaying the worst Cramps and Spasms, [whe]ther internal or external in a few minutes, soothing the most severe Paroxysms of Rheu[ma]tism, Neuralgia, and Tic Doloreux, as soon [as] applied. The R. R. R. Remedies consist [of] three Remedies, each possessing quick and wonderful powers over certain complaints and diseases, and will instantly—

RELIEVE	The Human System from Pain
REGULATE	Each Organ to a Healthy Action.
RESOLVE	Away all Diseased Deposits
RENOVATE	The Body from all Corrupt Humors.
REBUILD	The Weak and Broken Down Constitutions.
RESTORE	To Health, Strength and Vigor all unsound and worn out parts.

R. R. R. No. 1.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

For all Acute Complaints,

INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL.

The moment it is applied externally or taken into the system, it will stop the most excruciating pain and quickly remove its cause.

RHEUMATISM.

Mr. Granger, a mason well known in Brooklyn, was a cripple for nine years, Radway's Ready Relief, Relieved him from pain in fifteen minutes, enabled him to walk two miles without the aid of stick or crutch in three days, and cured him entirely in one week.

Thousands of other cases equally as wonderful as the above, have been cured by R. R. Relief.

CHOLERA MORBUS.

Radway's Ready Relief will relieve the sufferer from all pain in fifteen or twenty minutes It will cure the most desperate cases in a few hours.

NEURALGIA.

The moment R. R. Relief is applied it allays the most painful Paroxysms. It will always cure.

SICK HEAD ACHE.

It will relieve the most distressing pains in fifteen minutes. It will likewise prevent renewed attacks.

AGUE.

In ten minutes a teaspoonful of R. R. Relief will stop the Chills and break the Fever.

Aches of all kinds, Pains of all kinds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Strains, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Lameness. One application of Radway's Ready Relief will in a few moments ENTIRELY STOP THE PAIN.

It reduces swellings, heals sores, cuts and wounds, removes bruises, allays the most violent irritations. For all pains use R. R. Relief. Look for the signature of Radway & Co. on each bottle.

R. R. R.—No. 2.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT.

Resolves, Renovates, Rebuilds.

IT CURES

Scrofula,	Tumors,	Bleeding of the Lungs,
Syphilis,	Consumption,	St. Vitus Dance,
Sores,	Rickets,	Salt Rheum,
Asthma,	Nodes,	Canker,
Bronchitis,	Fever Sores,	Rash,
Ulcers,	Erysipelas,	Tetters.

The above eighteen complaints R. R. Resolvent will positively cure.

It renovates the system completely, Resolving away from the Solids all impure Poisonous and Diseased Deposits, freeing the Blood and Fluids of Life from all corrupt humors, restoring Energy and Vigor, Health and Strength, to every Organ and Member of the body.

LETTERS FROM HIGH AUTHORITY

HON. J. J. MIDDLETON, OF WACCAMAW, S. C. Writes under date of May 2d, 1853. That Radway's Renovating Resolvent cured one of his negroes, on his plantation at Beaufort, of a Scrofulous complaint, of many years standing. The poor fellow was a digusting object of pity, he was a moving mass of sores. The other negroes could not remain in the same place with him. None of the doctors could do anything for him. He was entirely cured by Radway's Renovating Resolvent, and is now at work upon the plantation. To the people of S. C. Mr. Middleton is well known, and to the political world Mr. Middleton is no stranger.

SCROFULA.

Mr. W. B. Oliver, of Drayton, Dooly Co. Ga. under the date of May 30, 1853.—Writes, "I had a servant girl who was so reduced that no one would give a trip for her life," she was so covered with sores, that there was not a spot of pure flesh of the size of a silver dollar on her whole body, was entirely cured by Radway's Renovating Resolvent.

NINETEEN YEARS.

MRS. HENDERSON, of Westford, Mass. has been covered with sores for nineteen years, has been cured by R. R. Resolvent.

SALT RHEUM.

The most obstinate cases of Salt Rheum will quickly yield to the RENOVATING RESOLVENT. One gentleman who supposed that the complaint was hereditary in his family, and had been afflicted with Salt Rheum since his birth, was cured by the use of a few bottles of the Renovating Resolvent, and the POISONOUS RHEUM ENTIRELY ERADICATED FROM HIS SYSTEM.

IT REGENERATES

Every organ and member of the body; it makes sound, healthy and strong all weak, diseased and unsound parts.

WEAKNESS

In Male or Female is quickly cured, and the debilitated and emaciated made strong, vigorous and healthy. Impotence and Nocturnal Emissions in men, or diseases of either one or more of the generative organs, is quickly removed and the body restored to a healthy and sound condition.

LOW SPIRITS—NERVOUSNESS

In WOMAN, the numerous complaints and ailments which cast such gloom over their spirits, a few doses of the Renovating Resolvent will quickly make the most NERVOUS, GLOOMY and DEPRESSED, feel HEALTHY, STRONG and HAPPY.

Persons wishing this Remedy will please ask for Radway's Renovating Resolvent. Its price is one Dollar per bottle. No small bottles, and is the genuine ever sold for less. Each bottle bears the fac-simile signature of

RADWAY & CO.
162 Fulton street, New York.

R. R. R. No. 3.

RADWAY'S REGULATORS

REGULATES TO A HEALTHY ACTION

All the Organs and Secretions of the body Restores to Health and Strength

THE DISEASED AND WORN OUT PARTS.

COMPLAINTS THAT RADWAY'S REGULATORS ENTIRELY CURE.

Costiveness,	Liver Complaint.
Indigestion,	Heart "
Dyspepsia,	Kidney "
Dropsy,	Bladder "
	Urethra "

DIFFICULTY OF PASSING URINE

Dizziness,	Inflammation of the Stomach,
Stupor,	Biliousness.

MELANCHOLY.

MALIGNANT DISORDERS.

Small Pox,	Measles,
Scarlet Fever,	Yellow Fever,
Bilious Pneumonia,	Typhoid Fever,

AND FEVER OF ALL KINDS.

Influenza,	Pleurisy,	Common Colds

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

Irregularity,	Prolapsus Uteri.
Hysteria,	Womb Difficulties.
Whites,	Amenorrhea,
LOSS OF APPETITE,	Loss of Memory,
Loss of Energy,	Loss of Strength.

R. R. REGULATORS

ARE ENTIRELY VEGETABLE,

Perfectly Tasteless,	Never Sicken,
Good at all times,	Never Gripe.

DOSES,

ONE TO THREE—REGULATES
FOUR TO SIX—PURGES.

One Regulator at Night, on going to bed, will ensure sound sleep, a Good Night's Rest, and a Healthy and Pleasant Discharge from the Bowels in the morning.

RADWAY'S REGULATORS, READY RELIEF, RENOVATING RESOLVENT ARE SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

RADWAY & CO.